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A CORPSE WARMING ITSELF.

From the Detroit Tribune.

CULTURE OF FISH.

Lecture of Mr. Roosevelt of New York, before the Legislature of Maryland.

(Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.)

ANNAPOLIS, March 17.

Mr. Robt. B. Roosevelt, of New York, delivered a lecture on the culture of fish before the Legislature last night. Mr. Roosevelt is one of the commissioners of fisheries of the State of New York, and visited Annapolis on the invitation of the Governor of Maryland. The Legislature held a special but informal session to hear the lecture, the object being to ascertain what could be done to restore the waters of the State, which have been greatly depleted by overfishing, to their original productiveness. The deterioration of the shad, herring and oyster fisheries of Maryland has gone on of late years so rapidly as to cause serious alarm, and the Legislature being extensively occupied in considering remedies and propositions, the discourse was as a matter of course heard with great interest by the members of the body.

PROGRESS OF PISCICULTURE.

Mr. Roosevelt was introduced by Speaker Latrobe, and in the course of his lecture, which lasted over an hour and a-half, fully explained the process of fish culture, and gave much interesting information in reference to the best mode of restoring Maryland fisheries to their normal condition. Fish culture, he said, in the first place, pays as well, if not better, than most occupations. He said that the establishment of Mr. Seth Greene, of Rochester, New York, produced ten thousand trout per day, and the clear profits were ten thousand dollars a year, more than twice the sum paid by the State of Maryland to her Governor. There are quite a number of other fish-hatching establishment since 1868: Wm. H. Furman, of Marsheth, Long Island; Mr. Kellog, of Hartford, Conn.; Stephen H. Ainsworth, of West Bloomfield, New York; Aaron S. Vail, of Smithtown, Long Island; Judge Tilden, of Lockport, New York; Thaddeus Norris, the eminent writer on fishing and fish culture, at Asbury, New Jersey; P. H. Christie, of Clove, Duchess county, New York; Jeremiah Comfort, Spring Mills, Montgomery county, Pa., and Benj. Kilburne, of Littletown, N. H.

FARMING AND FISH CULTURE.

The lecturer made a comparison between farming and fish culture, and said that a person could go into the one just as profitably as the other without experience, though he would not advise an experiment in either case. A fish carries from ten thousand to a million of eggs in its ovaries; each of these is as full of vitality and as capable of being made productive as the grain of wheat; but in practice not one in a thousand hatches. — Let a farmer scatter his seed right and left over his fields, on meadows and hallows, on stony places and highways alike; let him plow, before or after sowing, indiscriminately, and he will reap but a scant harvest; and yet that is the way in which nature sows with both vegetable and fish. And great as is the difference between such natural wastefulness and scientific agriculture, a hundred-fold greater is the difference between the natural and artificial propagation of the fruits of the water. As the ova of the herring exceed in number the kernals in an ear of wheat, so much should the yield from fish culture exceed that of land culture.

FECUNDITY OF FISH.

To show the comparative fecundity of fish, he said the yellow perch, weighing 3½ ounces, spawns 9,983 eggs; the river smelt, weighing 2 ounces, spawns 25,140 eggs; the fresh water smelt spawns 80,000 eggs; the shad spawns not less than 50,000 eggs. He quoted from the last report of the commissioner of fisheries of Maine, by which it appeared that the issue of a pair of salmon would in a few years, if every egg hatched, cover the entire State of Maine three hundred feet deep with fish. That, however, he thought might be a pleasant idea to New England, where unsightly rocks are the principal production of the soil. No one would think of such a thing but a Yankee, one of that class which have an inveterate desire for putting things topsy-turvy, and getting the wrong one on the top.

It is a fortunate circumstance that all the eggs do not hatch and come to maturity. There is a river in Brazil of which the natives say in dry weather that it is more fish than water; but were the enormous fecundity of all species of the scaly gentlemen to meet with no drawback, every lake, river and ocean would become crowded to repletion, and the sea would be putrid with their decaying carcasses; but to supply the waste wrought by the necessities of man, this fertility is invaluable, and offers to us a most encouraging picture for the future, when the resources of the land shall, by teeming myriads of human beings, be strained to the utmost.

THE BLACK BASS.

The black bass, which belongs to the *percidoe*, is a common fish, exceedingly abundant in the Western and Northern lakes; it is a fine fish, both on the hook and the table, and is well worthy more general distribution. It breeds freely and increases rapidly, as it has the excellent judgment to guard its eggs from depredators, instead of following the example of trout in devouring them as soon as they are voided. When the eggs have been deposited by the female, the male stays about the spot, drives, and sometimes eats up intruders, bravely guards the eggs until they are hatched, and possibly takes care of the young until they are able to take care of themselves. This excellent habit of conjugal and parental fidelity is greatly to his own credit, and our profit. The best way of treating them is to carry mature fish, which best confinement well in cold weather, to such ponds as are adapted to their wants, and leave them to shift for themselves.

The various attempts at artificial propagation have not been altogether remunerative, and their natural increase is abundantly sufficient. As they are ferocious in their habits, and sometimes called the "tiger of the waters," care must be taken to put them only in waters not already occupied by some valuable breeds, for they will utterly destroy and root out every other kind except the pickerel. Black bass were lately introduced into the Potomac, where they are now reported to be numerous. They found their way naturally into the Hudson river several years ago, by the opening of the Champlain canal, and have been acclimated in many of our Northern lakes and ponds.

PROPAGATION OF TROUT.

The *salmonidal* class of fish are more difficult to raise from the eggs. These fish, when approaching their time, seek special spawning grounds; trout run up into little rivulets or spring brooks, away from their enemies, the eels and perch, where the water comes fresh and warm.

The speaker gave a description of the method of propagating trout as practiced by Mr. Greene. A basin of pure water, of the proper temperature, is the first requisite. The "ripe" female (that is, full of eggs ready to be deposited) is held over the basin, and her sides are gently pressed with the thumb and forefinger. The ripe eggs ooze from her, and drop into the basin.

They must immediately receive the impregnating principle. A male fish is held over the basin, and manipulated in the same manner as the female, and gives off the "milk," which drops into the basin, and by some mysterious affinity the eggs are germinated. The eggs of the trout are heavy, and drop to the bottom of the basin like shot. The contents of the basin are then put into troughs, divided into compartments of eighteen inches each, through which a stream of pure water flows of a temperature of 50 degrees. Should the temperature rise to 68 degrees, the eggs will perish. The sides of the trough are generally lined with glass, and the bottom is sometimes covered with small pebbles, but this is not essential. In from forty to sixty days the eggs are hatched, and the little trout, with a protuberance called the umbilical sack, (a remnant of the egg shell,) appear. They are fed on thick milk until they get large enough to eat more substantial food, when pounded liver is added to their bill of fare.

In the face of all these difficulties the speaker said that Mr. Greene had carried the process to such perfection that he estimates that ninety-nine out of every hundred trout eggs that he obtains hatch and produce healthy young. Still, both salmon and trout are hardly fitted to be subjects of State cultivation. The latter because their ova can be better left in private hands, and the former because we have but few streams in which they have been known to exist naturally. I cannot tell whether Maryland has waters suited to trout, although it is very possible that some of her numerous streams may be of the proper character, but it is probable that no Southern waters are adapted to the production of salmon. Trout suffer when the temperature of the water exceeds sixty-five degrees.

SHAD IN MARYLAND WATERS.

Mr. Roosevelt then turned his attention to the shad, a fish, he said, which surpasses all others in its adaptability to cultivation, and whose numbers can be increased with the least trouble to the most enormous extent. While trout eggs require from forty to sixty days to hatch, shad eggs require but six or seven days. The speaker recurred to the time when shad sold, at the falls of the Potomac, for a "bit," as it was then called, apiece, and said: "That they have increased in price so extensively of late is your own fault, and if they are not restored to their former condition soon it will be your fault hereafter. Your territory is cut up by streams and penetrated in every direction by water courses that are adapted to migratory fishes like the shad and herring.

The principal shad and herring rivers are the Potomac, the Susquehan na and the Patuxent, but with proper management these fish may be made to run in all the others. Now, it is said, on the authority of Agassiz, that fish feed in the nourishment of the brain; that the phosphorus it contains goes directly to supply the waste of that important organ, without which man feels quite at a loss.

THE RIVERS FOR SHAD.

To bring your rivers into proper condition, some of them will want fishways, to enable the shad in their spring migration to overcome the dams that have been erected and to reach the head waters. The erection of an impassable dam is as much an outrage upon the owners of shore property above where the fishery is ruined by such an obstruction as would be the seizure of any article of value belonging to the same individuals; and such dams should not be allowed except when proper passages are left for the migrating fish. In most of the rivers, however, the artificial propagation of shad is a necessity. Nature makes its provisions for certain casualties; a stream has a certain fixed capacity beyond which it cannot go naturally; it reaches a point of production at which the rate of destruction equals that of increase, and there is an equipose. There are rivers in some of our Northern States in which every species of fish have become extinct, and which are now absolutely depopulated, although they were once well stocked. To meet such cases certain protective laws must be passed, and I believe that something of the kind has already been attempted with you; but fish culture is, after all, to be the main resource.

PROCESS OF HATCHING.

The speaker referred to the numerous experiments of Mr. Seth Greene in the artificial propagation of shad. The manipulating process was the same as in trout, but it required swift running water to do the hatching. All that is necessary is to put the impregnated eggs into boxes with one side full of holes, fastened to buoys in the current of the river. Let them remain for fifty or sixty hours, and then turn the infant brood into the water to earn their own living. They go out to the sea and in three years return full-grown shad. The males come back in two years, and are called by the familiar name of "bastard shad." The female returns in three years to spawn. The shad attains its best development at four years. Mr. Roosevelt was of the opinion that shad always returned to the river in which they were propagated. In a river in Germany an experiment had been made by clipping the dorsal fins of a number of shad and throwing them back into the water. Next year some of them were caught and identified by the mark.

The speaker, in conclusion, said that fish culture was yet in its infancy, but remarked that every day was adding to our knowledge and making new discoveries. He did not allude to herring fisheries, because their artificial propagation has not been much studied, but the principles governing it, he thought, were the same as those governing shad culture. The speaker finally presented a copy of the law for the protection of fisheries and fish culture which has been proposed by the New York commissioners in that State, and explained how far it was desirable or applicable in Maryland.

FREIGHT TRANSPORTATION.

Complete Revolution—Tea from Japan to New York in Forty-one Days—Value of the Pacific Road.

Commercial people cannot have failed to remark the complete revolution not only in the method of transporting freight from one ocean to another, but in the time occupied in the transport, by the facilities supplied in the great railway lines now spanning the continent. An instance in point occurs in the conveyance of the cargo of tea brought from Yokohama by the ship *Benefactress* to San Francisco. The owners, Messrs. A. A. Low & Co., telegraphed her captain to sail from Japan, after his ship was fully laden, to San Francisco instead of New York, as had been previously arranged.

Arriving at the metropolis of California, the entire cargo, consisting of eleven thousand packages of tea, was immediately placed aboard the California fast freight line, and despatched to New York, being partially distributed at Chicago and other points by the way. A glance at the time occupied in this matter will be instructive and give occasion for some reflection. The ship's passage from Yokohama to San Francisco was made in 23 days; the time from San Francisco to New York was 15 days; allowing in all only 11 days for a full cargo consigned in Japan to be delivered in New York.

From New York to London is, say twelve days, which would make the time necessary for a consignment to reach England from Japan but 53 days all told. Such figures demonstrate more powerfully than any promise the marvelous progress of science, the immense saving of time, and the great revolution in the Chinese and Japanese trade, effected by the construction of the Pacific roads. The annexed telegram shows still further how near Boston is to the California cities. It being stated that a consignment has been received at Sacramento in fifteen days from that city. It reads as follows:

(Copy) "SACRAMENTO, March 9, 1870.

"To G. P. NUTTER, Agent California Fast Freight Line, No. 229 Broadway, New York:—Freight is coming through from New York by your line in seventeen (17) and fifteen (15) days.—In fifteen (15) days from Boston. "A. N. TOWNE,

"General Sup't, Central Pacific R. R."

The above is proof sufficient of the capacity and inestimable value of these roads. Seventeen days from New York and fifteen from Boston bring California almost within hailing distance, or at least make it practically a suburb of the East, instead of a distant country requiring a passage around the Horn or transit across the Isthmus.

Arrangements have been made by which all foreign goods arriving at New York or Boston are taken through to the Pacific coast in bond. The California Fast Freight Line makes the regular transit, with only one transfer, via the Chicago and Northwestern Railway and Union and Central Pacific Railroads.

CHIP BASKET.

—Petroleum territory is holy ground.

—Printers pay an ink-tem tax, Shoudly.

—A busy man is not always a man of business.

—The child that cried for an hour didn't get it.

—Men of means are often the meanest of men.

—The bird that flutters least in the air remains the longest on the wing.

—It is easier to treat an adversary with contempt, than to answer him with reason.

—The most mischievous liars are those who just keep on the verge of truth.

—A woman in Chicago recently seized a man, and, before he could receive assistance, brutally m—rried him.

—It must be a happy thought to a lover that his blood and that of his sweetheart mingle in the same *mosquito*.

—A Yankee editor says the girls complain that the times are so hard the young men can't pay their addresses.

—We used to hear the phrase "revel in the halls of the Montezumas," but we now have "Revels' in the halls of Congress.

—Never lean on the word, for if you do the world will jump aside and you will get a tumble.

—New York rejoices in a "Young American sword-swallower and stone-eater." His ordinary diet is bank taken from a macadamized road.

—A frozen heart is precisely on a par with a frozen potato, and one is worth just about as much as the other, even thawed out.

—If you would find a great many faults be on the look-out. If you would find them in still greater abundance, be on the look-in.

—A little blind boy was asked what forgiveness was? He replied: "It is the odor that flowers breathe when trampled upon."

—The water that flows from a spring does not congeal in winter. And those sentiments that flow from the heart cannot be frozen by adversity.

—It is a very pleasant thing to see the roses and lilies upon a lady's cheek, but a very bad sign to see a young man's face break out in blossoms.

NOT POSTED IN HISTORY.—A youthful applicant for a certificate to teach school presented himself before the Superintending School Committee of a town in Maine, and having answered correctly several questions in mathematics, he was asked—

"In what year did Columbus discover America?"

The young man paused, scratched his head, and replied—

"Well, Mister, you've got me now!"

"Was it afore or after the birth of our Savior?" continued the committee man. The youth spent a moment in thought, and then raising his huge list, and striking it upon the desk, exclaimed—"*You've yot me again, by thunder!*"

The certificate was not granted.

THAT religion is a sham which does not make its professor honest.

Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY, MARCH 25, 1870.

THE Bethlehem people are moving in the formation of a new county, with Bethlehem as the county seat. Portions are to be taken from Northampton, Lehigh and Bucks counties.

THE negro Senator, Revels, of Mississippi, read a speech in the Senate on Wednesday week, written for him by a white Radical. The notorious Ballock is said to have been the author. It was of the spread-eagle order, and was meant to bear on the Georgia bill.

TWO important rumors come from Washington. One is that Secretary Fish is inclined to favor the recognition of the Cuban patriots as belligerents; and the other is, that Attorney General Hoar, now on a visit to Boston, has made up his mind to resign.

THE Metropolitan Police Bill, in a somewhat different form, has again passed the State Senate, and will doubtless receive the concurrence of the Republicans of the House. Whether the Governor will sign the bill or not is a matter of speculation.

THE New York "Gold Board" began to think its days are numbered. Let it slide. Indeed it seems to be the prevailing opinion in New York business circles that a resumption of specie payments is not far off, and that the sooner it comes the better.

THE rapid, continuous, and almost entirely unexpected decline in the premium on gold, has affected nearly all branches of business, and very greatly unsettled values of every character. It will, no doubt, have a serious effect upon the fortunes of speculators.

A RESOLUTION has been introduced into the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, appointing a committee, consisting of the Governor, Auditor General and Attorney General, to lay before Congress the claims of the citizens of York, Cumberland, Perry, Franklin, Fulton, Adams, and Bedford counties, for damages sustained by the rebel raid in 1863.

A MEETING of citizens, irrespective of party, occurred in Nashville, Saturday, having been called to protest against Congressional interference in the affairs of Tennessee. Resolutions were adopted declaring that the population of Tennessee are as quiet and as orderly as the same number of people anywhere, and that there is no necessity for interference on the part of the federal government.

WHAT is Congress doing is the re anything done to relieve the distresses of the country? is so frequently asked by the friends of the soul in our locality, that we deem it our duty thus to answer once and all. Nothing whatever. The nigger under the wood-pile is yet in the mouth of every Radical. Reconstruction, negro now, negro then, negro always. The negro and the spoils of office are all that engross their attention.

ATTUDING to the remark that General Butler can bring the Radical party up, under the crack of the party lash, to the support of Tennessee or any other infamy, the New York *Courier* says: "Like a pitchfork, this party lash has sometimes two prongs, and from what we can glean of the feeling of the Republicans in Congress, most of them would like nothing better than to impale Butler upon one of them."

THE local option bill has passed the House at Harrisburg. It passed in a form to allow brewers to sell not less than four gallons, and authorizes elections to be held, not more than once in three years, in each county, city or township, on the question of license. In case of a majority in favor of no license, the law shall be prohibitory, but in the event of the majority being the other way, the present license law shall remain in full force. It is thought the bill will fail in the Senate, says a Harrisburg letter.

THE State election in Connecticut takes place on Monday, the 4th of April, and the contest bids fair to be unusually spirited. Both parties have canvassed the State in a thorough manner, and the vote will be heavy. The Radicals hoped to have the advantage of the negro vote. In that particular they will meet with a disappointment. The Fifteenth amendment has not been officially proclaimed in time to put negroes upon the registry lists, and hence they cannot force their ballots into the box.

THE speech of the negro Senator from Mississippi disappoints the true friends of that race everywhere. It is below even the standard which common expectation had raised. "It only clean to notice," says the New York *Journal of Commerce*, is "that a colored Senator spoke it, and not some second or third rate Northern member or carpet-bagger. It bears the signs of having been written to please Sumner, Nye and other Radicals of the Senate, under whose exclusive protection Revels has chosen to place himself, and whose condescending patronage will hereafter, in all probability, be rewarded with his vote."

ROGER B. TANEY was U. S. Chief Justice for 28 years. He entered upon the duties of the office a poor man, and died leaving his family of daughters literally without a penny. Two of them are clerks, and thus earn a livelihood. Mr. Stanton left a wife and son in full health, a life insurance of $75,000, to say nothing of $300,000 raised by private subscription. Radical newspapers, with all their clamor for economy, support a gift of $6,000 for the Stanton family. Had it been Taney's poor daughters instead of Stanton's well-off family, they would have "died first," and such is the difference between Radical preaching and practice.

DAMAGES FOR MOB VIOLENCE.—As heretofore stated, the Court of Appeals of Maryland, in the case of Daniel Dechert, Esq., of the Hagerstown *Mail*, against the mayor and corporation of Hagerstown, affirmed the judgment of the Circuit Court of Washington county. By this decision Mr. Dechert comes into possession of about $7,500. The suit was brought against the corporation for damages in allowing a mob to destroy Mr. Dechert's printing office, in the year 1862. The State Legislature also has passed a law to indemnify Wm. Shaw, of Carroll county, for destruction of his printing office in Westminster by a mob during the war.

THE Somerset *Democrat* says the amount of butter made in Somerset county, was about 20,000 kegs, $283,000.

RADICAL CORRUPTION.

The investigation into the manner of conducting the State Treasury is still going on at Harrisburg, but was brought to a stand still the other day by the refusal of ex-Treasurer Irwin to answer the questions propounded by the committee. In reference to this refusal, the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, (good Radical authority,) says:

"The reason for Irwin not testifying is apparent to every one who knows anything about the management of the Treasury while he was in the office. He had vast amounts of money on deposit in the banking institutions of the State, on which he received interest, and this he did not wish to tell. He dared not deny it, *for the proof was at hand* to confront him. During his term he had money of the State on deposit in Erie city for which he received 7 and 5 per cent. per month, interest. In this dilemma he refused to testify. In the words of his organ, "the people need no better evidence than that he is guilty of the misdemeanors of which he has been suspected."

THE ONEIDA MURDER.—The court of inquiry instituted at Yokahoma on the destruction of the Oneida by the Bombay, rendered a decision on Saturday week, to the effect that Capt. Eyre, of the Bombay, was blameless so far as the collision is concerned.

This may be strictly true, but if the court rested here—and the report is that it did—the enormity of the British captain's conduct is but magnified. The collision may have been purely accidental. It is not for that Capt. Eyre is arraigned before the bar of public opinion. But it is for deserting a sinking ship with its human freight on board, and this miserable attempt to cloak the matter over is but aggravating the crime. A report from London, on the 11th, says that the English Board of Trade had ordered a further inquiry into the conduct of the British Captain.

ONE year ago the Radical majority in New Hampshire touched four thousand. At the late election it was reduced below fifteen hundred. That is a most signal change. And it would have been still more marked if the most extraordinary means had not been used by the Radicals to carry their point. Mr. Dawes was dispatched from Washington with a message from General Grant, in which the latter breathed forth promises as plentifully as a Cheap John upon a mock auction stand. Besides this, bribery, corruption, and intimidation were resorted to, and thousands of votes obtained for the Radical candidates in that manner. The Portsmouth *Times* gives the following account of the means used by the Radicals in the State: "Openly and notoriously places in the Navy-yard were offered and given to such Democrats as could be induced to sell their principles and their votes. Some, out of employment and pressed by want at this inclement season, did accept the bribe. Even these their masters did not dare to trust; and they were marched up to the polls in gangs, fifteen or twenty at a time, with a government officer at the head, a government squad in the rear, and government officers on the flanks! The spectacle was pitiful; and even the Virginia negroes, imported to vote on the same side, grinned at the spectacle, as if they saw some chain-gang near by. It was impossible to respect these self made slaves, and difficult even to pity them. They had sold themselves, principles, honor, manhood, to a set of lash-masters who will prove worse than Southern slave drivers. Most of them looked dejected and ashamed; and some at the last moment repudiated the infamous contract and voted according to their consciences. The rule was inexorable. Not a man in the employment of the government was permitted to have any freedom to vote as he pleased, on pain of instant dismissal. Even the crew of the ship-of-war Vandalia, under the dictation of a certain naval officer, it is said, were compelled to vote the government ticket! A victory won by such agencies is worse than a dozen defeats to the victors.

THE Indianapolis *Daily Sentinel* declares that for ten years the Radicals have carried the elections in Indiana by systematized frauds, and announces a confident belief that Mr. Hendricks and the Democratic State ticket received a majority of the legal votes of Indiana at the October election in 1868, but the early expressed will of the people through the agency of the ballot-box in that election, was overcome by chicanery and fraud. At the last Congressional election in that State the contest between Mr. Reid, Democrat, and Mr. Julian, in the Fourth District, was very close, but Mr. Reid received a majority of the legal votes cast. This was acknowledged by honest men of both parties. But the leaders of the Radical party, in order to give Mr. Julian his certificate of election, attacked the vote of Richmond, in Wayne county, and allowed the count of one poll, which showed a majority for Julian, and excluded the count of the other poll, which elected Mr. Reid. This was known, at the time, to be a high-hand outrage and most audacious swindle, and all the facts in the case are now set forth in the *Sentinel*, substantiated by the affidavits of two responsible and respectable citizens of Richmond, Radical in politics. They were delegates to the Radical State Convention held on the 22d of last month, and they are well known in Richmond as responsible and worthy citizens. The facts they develop show most conclusively that Reid was elected over Julian, and is entitled to the seat the latter now occupies in Congress. Julian knew he was defeated and that his election could only be saved by fraud, which he was willing should be practiced, no matter who was sacrificed. The case is one which should be ventilated, in order that the people may see what kind of men the Radicals send to Congress, and how they are forced upon the people in opposition to their wishes.—*Age.*

WASHINGTON has become a pleasant abiding place for white men. Sumner has been laboring hard to have the charter taken from the Medical Society of the District of Columbia, which has been in existence for forty years, and a new one granted to a "National Medical Society." His bitter hostility to the former society arises from its refusal to admit three black men to membership. It is the determination of Sumner and the fanatical Dr. Bliss, who enriched himself while in charge of the Armory Square hospital, to force negroes into the domestic circles of the whites in Washington city, in opposition to their feelings and wishes. A pleasant place, indeed, is Washington for white men!

MONTGOMERY BLAIR announces himself a candidate for Congress in the Fifth Maryland District.

THE PENDING STRUGGLE.

The struggle of the satellites of military power to obstruct a return to free civil government is going on all over the South. In Richmond, they are striving to keep offices by main force; in Mississippi, the creatures of General Adelbert Ames, who elected him Senator, try to endorse him and themselves by resolutions of approval; in Georgia the modest proposal is to continue General Terry's Legislature two years beyond the term of their election; in Tennessee, the Radicals, whose Representatives in Congress are original secessionists like Maynard, and censured rogues like Butler, are striving to disturb the public peace as a pretext for military intervention. All this fierce resistance to a return to the ordinary rule of civil government is in the interest of venal rogues who are selling and converting to their own use everything they can lay their hands on. We do not paint the scene with the dark coloring of political prejudice. It is the Radicals themselves who furnish the facts; some regretting and some rejoicing in them. It was the eminent Radical Senator, Mr. Trumbull, of Illinois, who made the scathing exposition of the Georgia infamy, in support of which the Radical press is rallying with great zeal, though every honest man in the party blushes at it. One of the documents produced by Mr. Trumbull exhibits how General Terry and Governor Bullock fixed up a Legislature to suit themselves, by excluding all decent men who might not play into their hands. We cite from Mr. Trumbull's speech, as published in full in the *Congressional Globe*, of Tuesday, the 15th instant:

State of Georgia, Fulton County:

I, John H. Penland, Representative-elect from the county of Union, do solemnly swear that I appeared in the city of Atlanta, on the 10th day of January last, in obedience to the proclamation of his Excellency Governor Bullock, for the purpose and with the intention of qualifying under the late act of Congress as a member of the Legislature, feeling that I could conscientiously take the oath first in order named in said act, and should have proceeded at once to qualify under said act, but from the following facts: I was approached near the door of the representative hall by a Secretary of the Executive Department, and told that if I proceeded to take the oath that I would certainly be prosecuted at once for perjury. I was at the same time, and by the same party, informed that if I would omit the taking of the oath and sign an application that he (or some one) had drawn up in blank, asking Congress to remove my disabilities, that I would be relieved in from five to ten days, and permitted to take my seat as a member. Under the influence of fright and anxiety to avoid the annoyance of a criminal prosecution, although perfectly satisfied that I had no disabilities under the law, and feeling that I could fully and freely take the oath, I, nevertheless, signed said application. I am now sixty-nine years of age, and never had a suit in court in my life, and was inducedby my own taking the oath mentioned, simply for the purpose of avoiding a criminal prosecution, and not from any sense of guilt or want of ability to take the oath, and am now, after reflection and due deliberation, ready and willing to take and subscribe said oath in terms of the act.

JOHN H. PENLAND.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 18th day of February, 1870.

THOMAS SPENCER, J. P.

Mr. Trumbull thus proceeded to comment on this case:

Was this not interference, for an officer of the Executive to meet one of the Representatives of the people as he entered the House of Representatives and tell him that if he took the oath he would be indicted for perjury, but if he would sign that application to have his disabilities removed that they would be removed in five or ten days, and then he could take his seat?—Now, what was the effect of his signing the application? General Terry decided that any person who had signed such a paper asking that his disabilities be removed thereby acknowledged that he was obnoxious to the third section of the Fourteenth Amendment, and could not take a seat in the Legislature. This device was resorted to for the purpose of hindering this man from taking his seat in the Legislature; and I am reminded by the Senator from Vermont, (Mr. Edmunds) that they installed in the place of this very person thus excluded the individual who received a less number of votes than he did.

I will not mention another case, &c.

This is the way that General Terry and General Ames—military characters of the Butterfield stamp—have made up, for themselves and the jobbers lounged with them, the State administration for which their Radical confederates are now trying to get a new lease from the Federal power.—This is the contest in the Georgia case. Bingham's amendment that the usual elections shall take place at the proper time, which sixty Radicals voted for in the House, has carried dismay into the ranks of the plunderers who want their term extended. All the wars and rumors of wars that are now fabricated are meant to influence the public mind in favor of the continuance of the foul despotism which has become the engine of the greedy rogues who work it for their own profit. In the name of God and civilization, let us have done with it; and try whether the great principles of civil liberty may not do something to purify and pacify our country. Unless all good and wise men have erred, it is only free civil government that can content and elevate a people. That is the principle on which American institutions rest. Let the people be true to them now, when venal Radical rascals are seeking their overthrow—and for the basest, meanest and most selfish purposes.—*Age.*

TWELVE Radical members of Congress from Pennsylvania advocate the crime of selling cadetships, by their votes against the expulsion of R. R. Butler, the cadet-broker of Tennessee. Hereafter no poor lad need expect to pass through the portals of West Point or the naval school at Annapolis. No matter with what honors he may have passed through the common schools, there is no room for him there. West Point and Annapolis are for the sons of rich men who can pay members of Congress one thousand dollars for the appointment. No matter how bright and brave and honorable the poor man's boy may be, he cannot compete with the thick-headed lubber whose father can buy a thousand down. A Remak and a Tyler have only to negotiate with a Cavada and a Butler, and Congress will confirm the contract. The names of the members of Congress from Pennsylvania who advocate the sale of cadetships are: OAKE, CESSNA, COVODE, DICKEY, KELLEY, MORRELL, MYERS, MERCUR, NEGLEY, PHELPS and TOWNSEND.—*Patriot.*

THE first regular petition for the "repudiation of the bonded war debt of the United States," has just been forwarded to Congress from Worchester, Mass. It is headed by Mr. H. H. Higelow, one of the largest manufacturers in the State, and always a Republican, as are three quarters of the 155 other signers.

RADICAL RULE IN NORTH CAROLINA.

William W. Holden, made Governor of North Carolina by the help of federal bayonets and a general disfranchisement of the white population of the State, is just now engaged in representing his dominion to be in a demoralized condition. It seems that in some counties the people pay taxes reluctantly, and there are rumors of existing lawlessness. The Governor professes to find himself unable to command either the respect or obedience of the people, and he has called upon Grant for soldiery to aid him in the task he has undertaken.

When the character of this man Holden is known, and his conduct considered, it will not be a matter of surprise that disorder exists in his dominion. He was originally editor of the Raleigh *Standard*, a paper which became violently Radical at the close of the war. When he was elected Governor he transferred his paper to a carpet-bagger from Pennsylvania named Littlefield, retaining, however, an interest in the concern. Holden, having a controlling influence with the black-and-tan legislature, had Littlefield appointed State Printer, and went "snacks" in the spoils, which were purposely swelled to immense proportions by appliances well known to George Bergner of this State. A railroad Ring was speedily formed and sixteen million dollars in bonds were issued to various railroad enterprises. This Ring, of which Holden was chief, got control of the bonds, and only $1,300,000 of the whole amount has been satisfactorily accounted for. The Legislature has taken the case in hands, and some of the members of the Ring have fled the State. There have been threats of impeachment made against Holden, and it is believed by those who are best informed that his real object in asking for troops is to prevent the election of honest men to the Legislature, who would bring him to trial for his rascalities. Of course the old cry of "murder" is raised, and of course Grant will profess to believe the lies which are prepared by Holden and duly inserted in Forney's *Chronicle* and other Radical newspapers. Oh! for one session of an honest Congress, that the villainies of reconstruction might be unearthed. What an investigation that would be!—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

IT is reported that on Thursday, the 24th of February, Senator Cameron said, in his place, in the United States Senate, that "the believed the tide of war would have gone against us, had not 200,000 negroes come to the rescue." As an ex-officer of the war we deny the truth of this. The back-bone of the rebellion was broken before a negro was put into the field. Not a single victory of the war was won by negro troops; nor were they engaged in any successful enterprise that would not have been equally successful without them. It is not complimentary to the 2,000,000 white troops to be told that they and their cause were saved by the negroes; nor is it to the credit of the country to have it said that twenty millions, without calling upon the slaves of the latter to help, could not whip ten millions. Mr. Cameron's statement would be highly creditable to the South, if correct.—*Gen. W. H. H. Davis, in the Doylestown Democrat.*

PUTTING ON ROYAL AIRS.—A few days ago President Grant repaired to the capitol, and taking his position in the room designated for the chief executive of the Union, sent for the Judiciary committee. In a very few words, say newspaper correspondents, he expressed the wishes of the Chief Magistrate respecting the confirmation of the appointment of Mr. Bradley to the Supreme Bench, plainly intimating what sort of action would meet with his displeasure.

Dismissing the Judiciary committee he then sent for certain members of the Foreign Affairs committee. To them he in like manner made known his wishes in regard to the purchase and annexation of San Domingo.

This will do pretty well for the beginning of our model President's second year. At this rate it will not be long until such confessension will be entirely too republican-like, and instead of the President visiting the capitol to dictate to the people's representatives, he will call them before the throne to receive their orders.—*Mount Sun.*

GEN. SICKLES has been confirmed as Minister to Spain.

For the Reformed Church Messenger.

SEMI-CENTENNIAL.

The Classis of Zion was organized at Chambersburg, Pa., April 30th, A. D., 1820. Mercersburg Classis is the daughter of Zion's. It has been suggested that the two Classis unite at Chambersburg, Pa., April 30th, A. D., 1870, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and celebrate in a fitting manner the *Semi-Centennial Anniversary.*

In accordance with the suggestion, an informal meeting of ministers, from these Classis, was held at Harrisburg on the 10th inst., and after some consultation recommended, for the approval of the Presidents of the respective Classis, the following plan:—

1. That Zion's and Mercersburg Classis unite in celebrating this Semi-Centennial event.

2. That Chambersburg, Pa., be the place, and April 30, A. D. 1870, at 10 o'clock, A. M., be the time of meeting.

3. That a printed circular be issued by the Presidents of the two Classis, inviting all the ministers of the Classis, and such elders as may feel an interest in the event, and also the ministers from other Classis who were once native members of the *Old Zion's Classis.*

4. That committees be recommended, as follows:

(1.) On the history of Zion's Classis from its organization to the separation and organization of the Mercersburg Classis:—Revs. Jacob O. Miller, William K. Zieber, Daniel Ziegler and Jacob Seehler.

(2.) On the history of the Mercersburg Classis, from its organization:—Revs. William M. Deatrick, Henry Heckerman, and B. S. Schneck, D. D.,

(3.) On the history of Zion's Classis from the organization of the Mercersburg Classis:—Revs. W. R. H. Deatrich, W. F. P. Davis, and David W. Wolff.

5. That all the pastors within the bounds of the two Classis be requested to prepare and read, or send to be read, brief historical sketches of their congregations and charges.

6. That the opening sermon be preached on Friday evening previous (April 29.) Rev. B. S. Schneck, primarius, and Rev. William K. Zieber, secundus.

7. That the Pastor loci, and the Presidents of the Classis be a committee on religious services.

D.

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

—The recent elections in Maine show large Democratic gains.

—Heidelberg, out of 711 students, has 51 Americans.

—The negroes of Indianapolis are to have a ticket for the spring election.

—Judge Strong has been sworn in and taken his seat on the Supreme bench.

—At St. Polten, Germany, a man has just died at the age of 126.

—General Logan wants to succeed Yates as Senator from Illinois.

—Ale houses were first licensed in the reign of King Charles II.

—A pine tree was recently cut down East, which was 143 feet high, and made 3720 feet of lumber.

—The steamer City of Boston is still missing, and it is supposed she has gone to the bottom.

—A Fifteenth Amendment murdered his wife in Bedford street, Philadelphia, one day last week.

—The Duke of Montpensier one day last week killed his wife's cousin, the Prince Henri de Bourbon, in a duel, by shooting him through the head.

—Prim admitted in the Cortes recently that the troubles in Cuba were not yet ended. This conflicts with the daily report from the Spanish authorities in Havana.

—The Huntingdon *Monitor* says the wages of the employees at the several iron furnaces in that county have been largely reduced.

—A colored woman over one hundred years old committed suicide a few days ago in Fayette county.

—There is a new invention out, called "The Pedespeed," to take the place of parlor skates. It consists of a wheel about a foot in diameter, arranged to be made fast at the ankle.

—The Judiciary Committee of the Senate has reported that the carpet-bag-beyond-elected Senator of Mississippi, General Ames, is not a citizen of that State, and therefore ineligible.

—The engineers of the Western Maryland Railroad are in Hagerstown selecting a suitable location for the erection of a depot.

—There is a probability of the State Fair being held at Scranton, the next two years. That town is working hard for its location there—having already raised by sub-scription $3,000 to the fund for the purpose.

—A woman suffrage amendment was defeated in the Ohio House of Representatives last week—the vote being yeas 51, nays 51.

—In Tennessee they chain the "hammers" together and make them work on the streets.

—Mormonism, says the *London Times*, will be extirpated by the Pacific Railroad.

—Every day in March the distance between the earth and the sun is increased 1937 miles. At the beginning of the month, the distance was 92,312,-632 miles.

—Rents are on a tumble in New York. They have fallen twenty-five per cent. within a short time.

—Mrs. Stowe is said to have lost $10,000, in addition to her reputation for good taste, by the publication of the Byron scandal.

—Mrs. Coles, half sister to Vice-President Colfax, is to have an appointment as postal clerk in Chicago.

—John Folgate, aged 105, claims to be the oldest man in Ohio, but Elias Suddarth, also of Ohio, claims to be three years older.

—Mr. Motley doesn't mingle much in London society.

—A. T. Stewart paid the police $2,-700 last year to watch his clerks.

—Mr. Beecher charged $400 for a recent lecture in Boston.

—Mr. Seward looks ten years younger after his Alaska, Mexican and West Indian travels.

—In consequence of his differences with the Secretary of the Treasury, the resignation of Commissioner Delano is expected in Washington.

—Secretary Fish has telegraphed that the ratification of the fifteenth amendment will be proclaimed as soon as Congress shall have declared the restoration of Georgia and Texas.

THE Senate Committee on Elections have decided that General Ames is not a citizen of Mississippi, and therefore not entitled to a seat in the United States Senate. That is a righteous decision.

THREE millions of dollars in silver are expected in New York from Canada this week, for the banks. One New York bank is reported to have fifty-two kegs of silver in its vaults.

JOHN HOLMES, a young man residing near Cincinnati, while carelessly handling a pistol, caught the hammer in his coat sleeve. The pistol was discharged, the ball taking effect in the body of his brother-in-law, producing death almost instantly.

AN act has passed the State Senate granting an annuity to Mrs. Elizabeth F. Rice, of Mercersburg, Franklin county, widow of P. A. Rice, Esq., who died in Libby prison during the late war. Mr. Rice was a Justice of the Peace in Mercersburg, was captured by the rebel Gen. Stuart in his raid in October, 1862, and taken to Richmond, where he was held as a prisoner until his death.

AN ex-policeman named O'Brien, has been convicted at Erie of permitting a horse thief, whom he had in custody, to escape, in consideration of a larger sum than the reward offered for his capture. The punishment for the offence is imprisonment for five years in the penitentiary.

SCOTTED FEVER prevails to an alarming extent in Davies county Indiana, and many deaths are occurring. Out of a school of thirty-five subtains, at Mt. Zion school-house, thirteen of the pupils—all of them girls—died of the disease in two weeks.

IT is asserted by documentary evidence that it costs the Government precisely $27 50 to collect $1 of revenue in that delightful locality, Alaska, which has been added to our country at a cost of seven millions in gold during Radical rule. This is certainly an economical administration.

THE action of the Nashville Board of Trade and the meeting of Tennessee merchants, protesting against congressional interference with affairs in that State, and declaring that there is a peaceable condition of things, have had the effect to dampen the ardor of the reconstructionists, though they will not prevent the preparation of a bill looking to a new election in Tennessee. Whether it can be forced through the House or not remains to be determined. Holders of Tennessee bonds in New York are feeling such an interest in this proposed reconstruction that they are writing to Washington strongly advising against it, and maintaining, if inaugurated, that it will injure the credit of the State.

ALLUDING to chignons, Mrs. Clever said, "A girl now seems all head."—"Yes, till you talk to her," replied Mr. Clever.

Local Department.

TOWN, COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES.

S. of T.—Divisions of Sons of Temperance have just been organized at Littlestown and Mummasburg.

Appointed.—John M. Musselman has been appointed Postmaster at Fairfield, vice John W. Sullivan, resigned.

Damage Bill.—In the House at Harrisburg, on Tuesday, the Border Damage Bill was objected to by Mr. Reinohl, and postponed for one week.

Wild Pigeons are on their way northward in considerable numbers. We observed several flocks the other day.

Thanks.—We are again under obligations to State Senator Duncan and Representative Dill for legislative favors.

Cashier Elected.—William M. Marshall, Esq., for many years cashier of the Hagerstown Bank, has been elected cashier of the Peoples' Bank, just started at Newville.

Building Association.—Preliminary steps are being taken for the formation of a Building Association at New Oxford. We wish the project abundant success.

Navigable.—The mud roads leading into town are said to be in splendid condition for boating.

The above is from the Carlisle *Volunteer*, but *its* this locality as well.

On the Move.—People are commencing to flit. Within the past few days quite a number of wagons loaded with household and kitchen furniture, have passed through our streets.

Early.—In California they are boasting of having green peas and cauliflowers already on their tables. What of that? Here we had those vegetables fully six months ago!

Gas.—The bill to incorporate the Hanover Gas Company has passed both houses of the Legislature. It is expected that Hanover will be lighted with gas by the 1st of September.

New Post Office.—A Post Office, named Thomasville, has been established in Jackson township, York county, on the Gettysburg turnpike, six miles from York—with Henry K. Thomas as Postmaster.

Fire at Hunover.—An old stable, owned by Mrs. H. Wirt, in Hanover, was destroyed by fire on Friday night last. Three carriages, property of Jno. R. Dennell, were consumed with the stable. Supposed incendiarism.

Eggs.—The question of selling eggs by weight is again up for discussion in some localities. Why not sell eggs everywhere by weight? They are so sold in California, and it is conceded there that the plan is a fair one for all parties.

Wheat and Clover.—The growing wheat in this region has suffered, we think seriously, from the variable weather of the present month. Late-sown and low fields are almost if not entirely bare, precluding all idea of an average crop. Clover has also been severely injured.

Hydrophobia.—A report reaches us that a lad named Rabbensperger, aged about 15 years, and residing in the north-eastern portion of this county, has been attacked with that dreadful malady, hydrophobia. His sufferings during the paroxisms are said to be inexpressibly great.

Fruit Crops.—It is hoped by some and believed by many that our fruit crop has escaped the effects of the cold weather. The peach buds are not as plenty as they were last Spring, Mr. C. Sherfy informs us, but all sound, or nearly so. Good news this! A large fruit crop is one of the greatest blessings a people can hope for.

April Changes.—Subscribers changing their residences this spring will please advise us, giving not only the name of the post office to which the paper is in future to be sent, but also the last address. This demand is made in order that we may the more easily find their names, a matter not so quickly done among several thousand without this help.

Sheriff's Sales.—On Saturday last, Sheriff Klunk sold the following properties, at the Court-house, in this place:

Farm of Ferdinand Rahter, in Mountpleasant township, 156 acres, to Christian Rahter, at $5,453.

Railroad Hotel, in Littlestown, property of same, to Jesse Eppelman, at $4,570.

Double cottage and three lots of ground, in Gettysburg, belonging to William Kelley and Henry Kelley, to Dr. E. G. Fahnestock, (for Building Association,) at $2,500.

Property Sales.—Wm. McClean, Esq., has purchased of Jeremiah Culp, agent for Mrs. A. M. Robinson, a half lot, with three-story brick dwelling, &c., on York street, Gettysburg, at $3,000.

Hon. Moses McClean has purchased of Wm. McClean, Esq., a half lot, with two-story brick dwelling, on East Middle street, at $2,000 cash.

Henry Riegle has purchased the farm of Jeremiah J. Biesecker, in Franklin township—52 acres, with improvements, at $4,800 cash.

Peter D. Miller has purchased the house and 4 acres of the Carpenter property, near New Salem, from George Walter, at $1,300.

Barn Burnt.—The large Bank Barn on the farm of Mr. John Spangler, in Mountjoy township, this county, was destroyed by fire on Saturday evening last, between 7 and 8 o'clock. The tenant, Mr. Joseph Eckenrode, saved his stock, with much difficulty, but lost all his horse gears; also 75 bushels of oats. Mr. Spangler lost about 175 bushels of wheat, 75 bushels of oats, and between 400 and 500 bushels of corn. About 30 tons of hay and a large quantity of straw were also burnt.

Mr. Spangler is insured in the Mummasburg Company for $800 on the barn and $400 on grain, &c. The tenant had no insurance.

The origin of the fire seems to be an entire mystery. The light was seen at great distances.

Accident.—One day last week an accident occurred at the lime kilns on "Mt. Prospect Farm," near Lewistown, the property of Mr. G. J. Boll, of this city, which came near resulting in the death of Mr. Jacob Eichelberger. Mr. Wm. Bowers was carting coal into the kiln, and by some mishap the horse and loaded cart fell in, smashing the cart and killing the horse. Mr. Eichelberger was in the kiln at the time of the accident arranging the coal, but fortunately escaped unhurt.—*Frederick Examiner.*

Reading by Jas. E. Murdoch.—The distinguished Murdoch will certainly read in Agricultural Hall on Monday evening next. As the Committee so correctly say, in their announcements, "when this great Tragedian left the stage and devoted his powers to a correct rendering of the finest pieces in our language, it was with pleasure and pride that the people welcomed him into this field;" and the hope expressed that "there will be an audience worthy this man's talents, and repay the effort which only succeeded after a three year's endeavor," will generally be concurred in.

No one of equal distinction in this role has ever appeared before a Gettysburg audience, and it is hardly to be doubted that our people will turn out in extraordinary numbers to hear him.

Tickets 50 cents—to be had at the stores and door. Doors open at 7—commence at 8. Remember, next Monday evening, the 28th!

New Masonic Lodge.—Hebron Lodge, No. 465, A. Y. M., was instituted in the borough of York Springs, this county, on Monday last, by D. D. G. M. Robert S. Thomas, of Mechanicsburg. The Lodges at Carlisle, Mechanicsburg, Shippensburg, Harrisburg, Hanover and Gettysburg were represented. The ceremonies are said to have been very interesting and impressive.

The following gentlemen were chosen officers of the new Lodge: W. M., H. C. Peters; S. W., Dr. I. W. Pierson; J. W., H. A. Sheeler; Sec., J. L. Worley; Treas., C. G. Beales.

The W. M. appointed F. N. W. Bowers as M. C., T. E. Gardner J. D., Jonathan Miller S. D., and A. K. Myers Tyler.

The Lodge will meet in the new Odd Fellows Hall, on the third Monday evening of each month. It starts with excellent material, and will no doubt maintain a high Masonic standard.

Money Stolen.—On Tuesday evening, between 5 and 6 o'clock, the store of Mr. Louis Strouse, on Carlisle street, was entered during his temporary absence, at supper, and about one hundred dollars stolen therefrom. The front door was locked, and though the one in the rear was not, the gate opening from the yard into the alley was securely fastened on the inside. The thief must have jumped the yard fence, entered the store through the rear door, took the money, (out of a small box,) and, going back into the yard and raising the hook securing the gate, passed on into the alley unobserved. It was one of the boldest thefts on record locally. Officer Ronzer is working up the case, we understand.

Conference Appointments.—The Central Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, at Lewistown, adjourned on Tuesday. The following are the appointments for this (Carlisle) district:

T. Mitchell, Presiding Elder, Carlisle—Pres. church, H. G. Parsons; Emory chapel, Wm. Prettyman; Mt. Holly, J. M. Lantz; Chambersburg, A. W. Kelly; Second street, J. Donahue; Shippensburg—H. M. Ashe; Church, J. Ireland; Kewville and Mohawk, W. H. Keith; Mechanicsburg and Plainfield, New Cumberland, J. M. Clark, J. B. Shaver; Dillsburg, G. Trego; Wayne Street, A. R. Hollinger; Shrewsbury, W. A. McKee and one to be appointed; Castle Fin, J. A. McClintock; Upper and Lower New Cumberland, Wm. York Springs, T. E. Mechlorand, J. B. Young; Gettysburg, H. G. Thornton and J. H. S. Chaffee; Mount Alto, J. W. Feight; Waynesboro, Wm. Mc Mayer; Greencastle, J. A. Woodward; Mercersburg, A. W. Love; McConnellsburg, H. Linn and L. A. Richards; New Bloomfield, C. W. Baltzer; Bellefonte, H. G. Hill; New Bloomfield, C. W. Baltzer; Hollidaysburg, G. Warren.

Removed.—Mr. Amos Eckert has removed his Grocery and Notion Store to the Northwest Corner of Centre Square, where he has added Queensware, Glass-ware, &c., all of which he offers at reduced prices. Content with small profits, he is determined not to be undersold. Call and be convinced. 1t

Bargains! Bargains!—To make room for Spring Goods, Capt. Norris will sell Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, and everything in his line, at *less than cost.*

Overcoats worth $15 for $12, Overcoats worth $12 for $9, Overcoats worth $10 for $7, Overcoats worth $8 for $6; Dress Coats worth $15 for $10, Dress Coats worth $12 for $8, Dress Coats worth $10 for $7, Dress Coats worth $8 for $6; and good Coats for every-day wear for $2, $3, $4, and $5; good Vests for $1, $1 50 and $2; good Pants for $1 50, $2 and $3.

Norris is determined to reduce his stock before Spring. So, if you want bargains, don't fail to call at Arnold's old corner. tf

Low Prices Back Again.—Great Bargains will be sold from now until April, to make room for Spring goods. Samuel Wolf will sell Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes at greatly reduced prices—lower than any other establishment in this town. Overcoats worth $25 for $15, Overcoats worth $10 for $12, Overcoats worth $12 for $8, Overcoats worth $8 for $6; Dress Coats worth $18 for $13, Dress Coats worth $15 for $11, Dress Coats worth $12 for $8, Dress Coats worth $10 for $6 50, Dress Coats worth $8 for $6; and good everyday Coats for $2, $3 50, $4 50 and $5. Vests at astonishingly low prices. Pants at $1, $2 and $3. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry lower than the lowest.

As Sam. is determined not to be undersold, do not fail to call at Samson's old corner—northeast corner of the Diamond. tf

Get Your Deeds.—W. D. Holtzworth, Esq., whose term as Register and Recorder has just expired, requests all persons who have Deeds remaining in that office to call for them. All have been recorded, and the fees in many cases paid. He hopes there will be no unnecessary delay in lifting these Deeds. tf

Epistle to the Trade.—You can buy all your Groceries, Queensware, Glassware, Cedarware, Tobaccos, Cigars, Fish, Coal Oil, and everything else in their line, from WM. BLAIR & SON, Carlisle, and make money by selling the same at their retail prices. Try it. March 18, 1870. tf

Pimples on the Face, Eruptions, Blotches, Scrofulous diseases, and all sores arising from impure blood, are cured by Dr. Pierce's Alterative Extract or Golden Medical Discovery. For Bronchitis, Laryngitis and all chronic, severe or lingering coughs nothing equals it.

Sold by druggists, or send three 3 cent a quarter dollars to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and get three bottles free of Express charges. 1t

Thousands have been changed by the use of the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of Iron) from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women, and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial. For Dyspepsia and Debility it is a specific. 1t

A LOVE-LETTER written by Christopher Columbus is on sale in New York.

Strange Occurrence.—On Friday last, Mr. George Rohn or Rahn, a farmer residing in the vicinity of Papertown, Cumberland county, started to the South Mountain early in the day, for the purpose of bringing home a load of wood, telling his family he would return about noon. But noon came and Mr. Rohn did not return. Toward evening the family became alarmed, and search was made for the missing man. His wagon was found, the horses unhitched, and securely tied on opposite sides of the road. The wagon was prepared for loading, and the ax which had been used in cutting several small sapplings returned again to its proper place beneath the wagon. But Mr. Rohn was nowhere to be seen. The now excited and alarmed neighbors followed the footprints of a man along the north side of the mountain

New Cooking Stove.—The attention of Housekeepers is invited to the EXCELSIOR PENN COOK STOVE, which has recently been brought into the market, and bids fair to throw all others into the shade. This Stove is *the best premium* at the State Fair held in Harrisburg last fall. Among its peculiar merits are the large Oven and Flues, and general simplicity, not being encumbered with unnecessary appendages, which in many stoves enhance the cost without being of greater use. For beauty of design, utility of material, and general excellence, it cannot be excelled. The price is lower than any other first-class Cook Stove in market, and yet is warranted to cook and bake equal to the best. The Excelsior Penn Cook can be seen at the Warehouse of Col. C. H. Buehler, on the Carlisle street, Gettysburg, who is the Agent for this place, and see it. tf

Farmers, The Way. Bigham & Co. the agents for the Champion and Buckeye Reapers and Mowers, best machines now in use. Farmers wishing to get a good machine, one that will give entire satisfaction, should not fail to call on Bigham & Co., at their Warehouse, on the Washington street, Gettysburg. Come one, come all, and see the renowned machines. tf

Carbon, Parsons.—Try the celebrated Patent Elastic Rubber-lined Collars, Saddles and Pads. Warranted to prevent horses from galling and chafing. Will also keep all up work horses already galled, perfectly free, and sore necks and backs, if kept clean with cold water Castile soap, or no pay. For sale by W. Cress, manufacturer's agent, Lebanon, Pa. Sept 17. tf

Coffee Coming.—Winter is coming, Coleman & Cunningham have made arrangements to meet the wants of the people by their large assortments of all kinds of Ready-made Clothing, for Fall and Winter wear, for men and boys, also, Caps, Boots, Shoes, &c., &c., they are selling very low. tf

Good to the Wise.—Persons going to housekeeping this spring would do well to call on Col. C. H. Buehler's Warehouse, near the Passenger depot, on Carlisle street, where he has a very large assortment of the best manufactures of Parlor, Office, and Chamber furniture, for wood or coal; also Hollow Ware, Japan Ware, Britannia, Blue and Cane, and a general assortment of Kitchen utensils, necessary to housekeeping, and at very low prices. tf

Read Cook's advertisement, in this column, you will learn where to buy Cooking Stoves, Tinware, at reduced prices. 3m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Redness, Blindness and Catarrh, with the attendant symptoms, by DAVIS'S PENETRATING OIL. Over *One Million Bottles* of this wonderful remedy have been sold in the United States and Canada during the past two years, and it is now conceded by all to be the only sure remedy for Catarrh. Sold by druggists. Price $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Circulars free. Address DAVIS & CO., Proprietors, Concord, N. H. Pamphlets sent free. Agents wanted in localities where not established. Liberal terms. Sold by druggists everywhere. Sold in Gettysburg by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co. Without a cure in every case, the Oil is offered free of charge for examination. 1y

Lives Saved for 50 Cents.—"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for CHILDREN TEETHING. Almost Magic. It relieves the little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, Mothers, it will give rest to you and health to your infants. Perfectly harmless, as it never contains Opium in any form. It is the prescription of one of the most experienced female physicians in the United States. Sold everywhere. Price 25 cents a bottle. 1y

Errors of Youth.—A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Those wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar street, New York. 1y

Consumption is, by far, the most insidious disease that ever fastened its fangs upon the human system. Having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after suffering several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption was early thought to be inevitable, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the best manner of preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he considers to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings co., N. Y. 1y

Wisdom for Young Men.—A Lecture to Youth and Early Manhood, Just Published. Sent in sealed envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia, Pa. 1y

A New Perfume! "D'ANDES!" Just received by J. L. SCHICK, Gettysburg

Paralysis! Beware!—Locomotor-ataxia, or paralysis, not only attacks the limbs, but any part of the body, and is generally caused by a disordered liver. Those who have been using compounds said to be a cure for this disease, will find, by a perusal of Dr. Hartman's Journal of Chemistry, that they are *deceived*. There is no evidence which confirms the assertion, and in its stead we have a positive one, that it is a humbug. Dr. HARTMAN'S ANTI-PARALYTIC, or NERVE AND BRAIN PILLS, with Dr. HARTMAN'S PHOSPHORIC BACK BACK BUILDING, Stove Boots, Corset Shields, &c., is the only safe stand for any kind of paralysis.

It will be sold on reasonable terms. For further information apply to either of the undersigned.

J. L. SCHICK,
JOHN GILL,
WM. GUINN,
T. A. WARNER.

Jan. 7, 1870. tf

The Gettysburg Compiler.

Deer Shot.—We learn that a wild deer had been wandering about in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, last week. On Friday afternoon a few citizens gave it chase, and shot it near the Little Conewago creek, a few miles southwest from New Oxford. It was a rare thing to see a deer in that neighborhood, about sixteen miles from the South Mountain, from which place, it is supposed, this one strayed. *Hanover Citizen.*

Horse Stolen.—Some villain, of which the country is infested at present, stole a very valuable horse from the stable of Col. D. M. Myers, of Oxford township, Adams county, on Thursday night last. Of the particulars, further than that the horse was tracked from the barn to the Carlisle turnpike, we have not been informed. Such as have valuable horses would do well to be on their guard.—*Ibid.*

Large Fall Fish.—On last Tuesday, our worthy townsman, Mr. J. H. Hinkle, who is rather an expert in the art piscatorial, whilst out on a fishing excursion, succeeded in capturing an enormous Fall Fish, which measured twenty inches in length, and weighed two pounds and two ounces.—*Littlestown Press.*

Carbon, Parsons.—Try the celebrated Patent Elastic Rubber-lined Collars, Saddles and Pads. Warranted to prevent horses from galling and chafing and will also keep all up work horses already galled, perfectly free, and sore necks and backs, if kept clean with cold water Castile soap, or no pay. For sale by W. Cress, manufacturer's agent, Lebanon, Pa. Sept 17. tf

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J. L. SCHICK,
JOHN GILL,
WM. GUINN,
T. A. WARNER.

Jan. 7, 1870. tf

A VALUABLE FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale his valuable FARM, situate in Mt. Pleasant township, Adams county, on the road from Gettysburg to Mummasburg, about 3 miles from the latter place, containing 77 ACRES, more or less. The improvements are a large two-story WEATHERBOARDED HOUSE, 36 by 26 feet, with a large Bank Barn, 50 by 36 feet, and out-buildings, all in good repair. There is a never-failing spring of water at the door. Also on the premises, about 35 acres are in good timber, with a large proportion of excellent chestnut rails. The farm is under good fencing, and in good order, and conveniently located for mills, school houses, &c. The terms will be made known at time of sale.

Persons wishing to view the premises will call on Daniel Krause, residing on the adjoining farm. For further information apply to

HENRY MILTENBERGER.

Hunterstown, Adams co., Pa.

Oct. 29, 1869. 3m

A BEAUTIFUL PROPERTY

AT PRIVATE SALE.—A Tract of 8 ACRES and 9 PERCHES of GRANITE LAND, within 3½ miles of Gettysburg, on good public road, with a comfortable Two-story STONE HOUSE and SHOP, Frame Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, and other necessary out-buildings, all nearly new and in good repair; plenty of the choicest fruit, and a never-failing well of excellent water at the door. One of the most beautiful and desirable country homes in the county. An early purchaser will find the further information apply at the Compiler office.

Aug. 20, 1869. tf

TOWN PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers at private sale her DWELLING PROPERTY, on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, half a square west of the Eagle Hotel. The lot is 30 feet wide and 240 feet deep to an alley. Improved with a Two-story BRICK HOUSE, a one and a half story FRAME House, lately used for a Grocery, and a Pump, a good well of water and cistern, fruit trees, &c., &c. Apply on the premises to SARAH FINK.

Dec. 21, 1869. tf

MINTON'S ENCAUSTIC TILES

For Vestibules, Halls, Hearths, &c., in Dwellings, Churches, Banks, Stores, &c. Also

GALVANIZED CHIMNEY TOPS,

Plumbers' Materials, &c.

MILLER & COATES,
279 Pearl St., New York.

Feb. 18, 1870. 3m

A FIRST-RATE FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

WITHIN two miles of Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road, with all necessary improvements, and in prime order. I will sell from 100 to 160 Acres, to suit purchasers.—Terms reasonable. For further information, apply to

WM. WIBLE,
Gettysburg, Pa.

Sept. 27, 1867. tf

CHEAP LANDS.

I HAVE for sale more than 200 FARMS, varying in size from 10 acres to 5,000 acres, and ranging in price from $4 to $50 per acre. Title unexceptionable. Soil adapted to the growth of grain, clover, grass, fruit and grapes. Near to a thousand miles south.

CHEAP EXCURSION TICKETS will be provided for all who come to me to buy land.

For Catalogue of prices, &c., address

JOHN B. URQUHART,
Greensboro', N. C.

March 3, 1870. 6m

REMOVAL.

I HAVE removed to the NORTH-WEST CORNER OF CENTRE SQUARE, where I shall be happy to wait upon all my old customers and all who may favor me with a call, in addition to my stock of

Groceries, Notions, &c.,

I have added QUEENS-WARE, FIRE-PROOF and GLASS-WARE, all of which I offer the public to exchange for

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Thankful for past favors, I solicit a continuance of the same.

AMOS ECKERT.

Feb. 25, 1870. tf

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphan's Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the 18th day of APRIL, 1870, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

1. The account of Ezekiel Hartzel, Guardian of George F. and Hannah Mary Hartzel, minor children of L. B. Hartzel, deceased.

2. The first and final account of David Fleeher, Administrator of the estate of Catharine Myers, widow, deceased.

3. The first account of Levi H. Martin, Executor of the last will and testament of Malachi Martin, late of Oxford township, Adams county, deceased.

4. The second and final account of John Rhode and Eli Bucher, Executors of Joseph Bucher, deceased.

5. The second and final account of Abraham Sheely, Executor of Jacob Sheely, deceased.

6. The first and final account of Abraham Sheely, Administrator of Catharine Sheely, deceased.

7. First and final account of Henry Overdeer, Administrator of Abraham Brough, deceased.

8. The first and final account of John Bates, Esq., Administrator with the will annexed of Lewis Wolf, deceased.

9. The account of Conelius Myers, Administrator de bonis non, of the estate of Josiah C. Albert, deceased.

10. Second and final account of Emanuel Brough and Andrew Brough, Testamentary Trustees of the estate of Abraham Brough, under the will of John Brough, deceased.

11. First and final account of John Albert, Administrator of Mary Albert, deceased.

12. The first and final account of Isaac P. Butherforth, Executor of the will of Susan Tate, deceased.

SAMUEL A. SWOPE, Register.

March 25, 1870. 4t

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on TUESDAY, the 26th of MARCH, 1870, at the usual hour, viz:

1. First and final account of Hon. Isaac R. Wickham Administrator of Eliza Speniman, deceased.

2. The first account of Newton M. Horner, Executor of Andrew McKinney, deceased.

3. The first and final account of William Sell, Administrator of Peter Sell, deceased.

4. The first account of Adam Leese, Trustee for Hiram Albert of land according to will of Rev. John G. Albert, deceased.

SAMUEL A. SWOPE, Register.

March 4, 1870. td

A SMALL FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale his SMALL FARM, situated in Straban township, Adams county, Pa., about 5½ miles from Gettysburg, 2 miles from Huntersburg, and 3½ miles from Bender's church, adjoining land of Dr. Goldsborough, F. Quickel, and others, containing about 30 ACRES, with Woodland and Meadow. The land is under good cultivation, having been well limed—in a high state of cultivation. The improvements are a good Two story LOG HOUSE, double log Barn, Carriage House, Wagon Shed, Shop, Hog Pens, Fowl House, Smoke House, two good never-failing wells of water, and a fine young Apple Orchard, besides Peaches, Pears, Plums, Cherries, Grapes, &c. Persons wishing to view the property will call on the undersigned residing thereon.

JOHN FESSER.

Feb. 18, 1870. 6m*

1115 HOOP SKIRTS. 1115

HOPKINS' "OWN MAKE."

JUST all the New Spring Styles, for Ladies, Misses and Children: the quality and prices of which will recommend themselves to every customer. CORSETS! CORSETS!! CORSETS!!! Just marked down to gold at par; making our present prices less than they can be afforded, until gold declines to that price or below it. We have the best in Philadelphia to give silver in change to our customers, and the consequence is we have the advantage of the return of specie basis, in advance of the Gold market; which will hardly appreciate by all who examine our extremely low prices. Hoop Skirts, our own Make, at 25, 50, 75, 87½, 100, 112½, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4, $5, $6, $7, $8, $9, $10.

Hand made Whalebone Corsets at 50, 62½, 75, 87½, $1.00, &c., to $15.75. Superior French Woven Corsets at $2.50, reduced from $3.00 and $3.50; reduced from $4.50; and at $5.00, reduced from $5.75, &c., to $5.50; reduced from $7.00.

The Well Fitting Corsets at $2.00, reduced from $2.50, &c., &c.

Thompson's Glove Fitting Corsets at $1.75, reduced from $2.25, &c., and the New Model's Patent Self-Adjusting Abdominal Corsets at a reduction of 25cts. to $1.00 per pair, according to quality. All other goods proportionately reduced. Skirts and Corsets made to order, Altered and Repaired. Wholesale and Retail—Close Price Only. Call or send for descriptive circular.

WM. P. HOPKINS,
No. 11 *Chestnut st.*,
PHILADELPHIA.

March 18, 1870. 3m

NEW Fall & Winter Goods,

AT PETERSBURG, Y. S., PA.

Griest & Bowers

HAVE received their new FALL AND WINTER GOODS, in excellent assortment, selected with care, and will be sold CHEAP FOR CASH.

Give us a call and examine our goods.

N. B.—Agents for the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines.

Nov. 8, 1869. tf

WHEAT WANTED.

The undersigned will pay the HIGHEST PRICE for GOOD WHEAT, at "GLENWOOD MILLS," (formerly Mellhenny's,) on Marsh creek, in Highland township, Adams county

GEORGE GINGELL.

Dec. 18, 1868. tf

A GREAT OFFER.

HORACE WATERS,

NO. 481 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

WILL dispose of ONE HUNDRED PIANOS, three makers, at extremely low prices for cash during this month; or will take from $5 to $25 monthly until paid. Now 7 Octave Pianos for $275 and upwards. New Organs for $46 and upwards for cash.

Feb. 11, 1870. 1y

WESTERN Pre-Emption Lands.

I HAVE on hand a few TRACTS of No. 1 second land, pre-emption lands, located near Railroads, County Towns, &c., in well settled neighborhoods, which I will sell or exchange at a fair price for Real Estate in Adams county, Pa

GEORGE ARNOLD.

Feb. 7. tf

Surprise Oats.

PERSONS desirous of securing good Seed of the GENUINE SURPRISE OATS, can obtain it at $1.25 per bushel, at Mehrath's Warehouse, in Gettysburg, or Seed lodged in the undersigned, at Petersburg, Y. S., Pa., on or near the first premium at the State Fair for the largest yield per acre ever all kinds of other oats. It beat the Norway 20 acres.

CHARLES W. GRIEST.

March 18, 1870. 3t

Notice.

THE second account of John Hawes, Esq., Committee of the person and estate of Abraham Myers, of Latimore, of Adams county, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by said Court on the 18th day of APRIL, 1870, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB MELHORN,
Prothy.

March 18, 1870. 3t*

Notice.

THE second account of Jacob Musselman and George W. Wentz, Assignees of Daniel Musselman and wife, of Adams county, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by said Court on the 18th day of APRIL, 1870, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB MELHORN,
Prothy.

March 18, 1870. 3t*

Notice.

THE second account of John Ormdorff, Trustee of John Kuhn and Susan, his wife, exhibited by Francis R. Ormdorff, Administrator of said John Ormdorff, deceased, of Adams county, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by said Court on the 18th day of APRIL, 1870, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB MELHORN,
Prothy.

March 18, 1870. 3t*

For Sale.

I have several DWELLING HOUSES and a number of choice BUILDING LOTS for sale.

E. G. McCREARY.

Jan. 15, 1870. tf

LICENSES.

THE following application for License has been filed in my office, with the requisite number of signers, and will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions, on TUESDAY, the 29th day of MARCH, 1870:

Tavern License.

Washington P. Harris, Gettysburg.

H. G. WOLF, Clerk.

March 1, 1870. 6t

FOR SALE.

THE DESIRABLE THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, 33 feet front, on 40 feet lot, with Two-story Brick Back-building, in first-class repair, two doors from Court House, on Baltimore street, will be sold on accommodating terms.

June 18, 1869. tf

Change of Firm.

J. M. GANNON having entered into partnership with WM. N. MILLER, in the MARBLE WORKS business, all persons wishing anything in their line would do well to give them a call, as they are both practical marble-workers. They can be found at all times at the old established stand, corner of Baltimore and East Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa.

March 4, 1870. 2m

Jury List—April Term.

GRAND JURY.

Hamiltonban—James H. Marshall, Foreman, Henry Hall.

Mountjoy—Joseph Markley.

Oxford—George F. Slagle, Joseph Klunk.

Franklin—John F. Bair.

Conewago—Ans. A. Culp.

Menallen—Samuel Orner.

Reading—Wm. S. Hildebrand.

Tyrone—Martin Rafensperger.

Gettysburg—Jeremiah M. Rowe, David Sherper, Oliver Benner, Samuel Wolf, Barney Butler—Hiram L. Harris, Martin Thomas, Sr.

Littlestown—Levi Kreps.

Union—William Sell.

Cumberland—John Martin, Raphael Sherfy.

Hamilton—John Bupp.

Huntington—Ephraim Flickes, Jacob Lear.

GENERAL JURY.

Mountpleasant—John Gardner, Jenkins, Aloysius Bender, David Danner.

Butler—John C. Markley, Jacob Hartzell.

Berwick Twp.—John H. Baker.

Franklin—James Miller.

Hamiltonban—Peter Scholfery, James F. Stein, George W. Wentz.

Littlestown—Samuel P. Young, Ephraim Myers.

Latimore—Joseph Adams, Abraham Bile, Geo. D. Basehoar, Jacob W. Keller.

Oxford—John Stock, A. J. Bowers, Wm. King, Michael Ickes.

Cumberland—Jonas Johns, James Thompson.

Liberty—Isaac Peeler.

Huntington—Isaac E. Wierman, Philip L. Houck.

Gettysburg—A. W. Minter, Jacob Reiley, Robert McCreary, Jacob Sanders, William D. Holtzworth, Jacob F. Thomas.

Straban—Jacob G. Potter, Isaac F. Brinker.

Reading—Jacob King.

Mountjoy—Elijah Rockenbrod, Ezra Shue, Jacob S. Hartman.

Conewago—Wm. A. Small.

Hamilton—Abner S. Hildebrand, F. B. Pickerseavell.

Highland—Emanuel Plank.

Tyrone—Ezra M. Myers.

Reading—George Bell, Solomon Baker.

Menallen—Silas Stoner.

Germany—Wm. Staub, Jacob Pfitzer.

Freedom—John Harner.

March 4, 1870. tc

POOR HOUSE ACCOUNTS.

JACOB BENNER, Esq., Treasurer, in account with the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of the County of Adams, ending from the 25th of January, A. D., 1869, to the third day of January, A. D., 1870—both days inclusive:

	DR.	
To outstanding obligations		$250 65
" Commissioners' order		1,000 00
March, "	"	1,000 00
April, "	"	1,000 00
May, "	"	1,000 00
June, "	"	1,000 00
July, "	"	1,000 00
August, "	"	1,000 00
Sept., "	"	800 00
Oct., "	"	800 00
Nov., "	"	800 00
Dec., "	"	1,000 00
To cash of M. Miller, on land		1,500 00
" " James Bingaman, "		77 00
" " John Lockingbill, rent		13 00
" " J. S. Neely, dividend Turnpike stock		20 00
" " Do. on Hanover & York		18 50
" " Do. on Gettysburg & York		35 00
" " Cash of M. Reilly, from Peter Rex's estate		16 00
		151 00
1870.		
Jan. 3, " Commissioners' order		1,500 00
		$13,268 65

	CR.	
By balance due Treasurer at settlement		$75 47
Cash paid out since Paupers support		1,272 53
Merchandize, groceries, and hardware		1,731 38
Pork, beef, bacon and fish		811 19
Salt, tallow, cakes and eggs		1,542 16
Flour, cornmeal and potatoes		2,187 25
Fruit and vegetables		211 25
Repairs to buildings		288 15
Mechanics work		221 85
Stone and sand		1,101 41
Hauling, including making fence & posts		1,240 84
Sundry expenses		209 00
Drugs and surgical instruments		167 50
Medicine, &c.		1,000 00
Percentage on, and insurance		171 35
Costs and stamps		78 75
Funeral expenses		178 00
Publishing annual and printing		78 00
Male teachers		312 00
Female teachers		225 00
Director's extra salary		65 00
Physician's salary		145 00
Attorney's "		50 00
Steward's "		300 00
Clerk's "		50 00
Treasurer's "		50 00
Balance in hands of Treasurer		474 74
		15,268 81

We, the undersigned, Auditors to settle and adjust the Public Accounts, do hereby certify that we have examined the Items which compose the foregoing account, and that they are correct, being from the 5th day of January A. D., 1869, to the 4th day of January A. D., 1870—both days inclusive.

M. E. BOLLINGER,
E. G. BEAUTY,
DAVID RHODES, Jr.
Auditors.

JONAS JOHNS, Esq., Steward, in account with the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of the County of Adams, being from the 4th day of January, A. D., 1869, to the third day of January, A. D., 1870—both days inclusive:

	DR.	
1869.		
To balance due at last settlement		$57 70
To order on Treasurer		50 00
" "		50 00
" "		50 00
To cash from hides and skins		94 93
" Lewis Springer, account		1 00
" Samuel Meals, Esq., fines		17 08
" A. Polly, interest for Ellen White		9 97
" for cows and bull		149 00
" old iron		1 66
" old iron		1 00
" Timothy seed		2 00
" Sheep and lambs		125 50
To balance due Steward		29 42
		628 81

	CR.	
1869.		
By cash paid general purposes		$14 70
Harvesting and binding		240 50
Relief to paupers		3 89
Removal of paupers		3 00
Groceries		5 30
Mechanics work		111 25
Meat and fish		36 70
Fruit and vegetables		140 75
Leather		100 15
Postage, &c.		9 86
Funeral expenses		2 00
Horse Furrier and medicine		10 93
		$620 81

We, the subscribers, Auditors to settle and adjust the Public Accounts, do hereby certify that we have examined the items which compose the foregoing account, and that they are correct, being from the 5th day of January, A. D., 1869, to the third day of January, A. D., 1870—both days inclusive.

M. E. BOLLINGER,
E. G. BEAUTY,
DAVID RHODES, Jr.
Auditors.

PRODUCTS OF THE FARM, 1869.

511 bushels of Wheat.	
36 " Rye.	
2160 " Corn in ears.	
800 " Oats.	
7 " Timothy Seed.	
200 " Potatoes.	
10 " Onions.	
20 " Red Beets.	
30 dozens Cucumbers.	
2800 heads of Cabbage.	
1000 pounds of Beef raised.	
585 " Pork "	
200 tons of Hay.	
32 loads of Corn Fodder.	

Number of Inmates in the Alms House on January 1, 1870:

Males	73
Females	72
Children	12
Colored	4
Total	87
Transient paupers	1177
Paupers admitted during the year	121
Deaths during the year	10

March 11, 1870. 3t

NORWAY OATS.

WE have now in store a large lot of the GENUINE RANSDELL stock of

NORWAY OATS,

which we are offering as low as any responsible house in our trade.

GARDEN SEEDS,

Every variety. Warranted fresh and genuine. Our field seeds are unsurpassed.

PLOWS,

Harrows, Cultivators, Broad-Cast Seed Sowers, Corn Planters, Seed Drills, and the largest assortment of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

to be found in the city.

Our AMATEURS' GUIDE and CALENDAR for 1870, and Price List of Seeds, mailed free to all applicants.

WADE & ARMSTRONG,
(Successors to Pemberton, Morris,)
Seed and Implement Warehouse,
1126 Market St., Philadelphia.

March 11, 1870. 3m

LAST NOTICE

To Collectors of 1869.

THE Collectors of State and County Taxes for the year 1869, are hereby notified to meet the Commissioners at their office, on MONDAY, the 21st day of MARCH inst., to make settlement. After that day no exonerations will be allowed.

JACOB LOTT,
M. HARTMAN,
E. NEIDICH,
Commissioners.

Attest—J. JEFF. MYERS, Clerk.

March 11, 1870. td

Lap Shingles.

A FINE lot of LAP SHINGLES, of best quality for sale by the subscriber, near Arendtsville.

M. W. HARTMAN.

March 18, 1870. 4t

GENTLEMEN'S furnishing Goods all kinds and styles at NORRIS'

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds BOUGHT and SOLD.

The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.

COUPONS CASHED or COLLECTED.

Persons desiring to invest in STOCKS or BONDS, of any kind, are invited to call, as we have the facilities of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore markets—consequently all orders are PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Persons possessing COUPON BONDS, and desiring, for safety, to convert into REGISTERED, are requested to call, as we have the advantage to transform a trifling expense.

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS, of all denominations, for sale.

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS advanced 1 per cent., viz:

5 per cent. for 1 year,
4 per cent. for 6 months,
3 per cent. for 3 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds, and Stocks of all kinds, are invited to give us a call, and we will give all information cheerfully.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 5, 1869. tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF GETTYSBURG

Will allow interest on Special Deposits, as follows:

6 per cent. per annum for 1 year.
4 " " " 6 months.
3 " " " 3 "

Will cash COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES and COUPONS.

Will also purchase or sell STOCKS and BONDS of every kind, free of charge as commission, and will at all times pay the HIGHEST PRICE for GOLD and SILVER, and will, with pleasure, transact all business promptly, as heretofore, pertaining to a well regulated Bank.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 8, 1867.

UNITED STATES BONDS

BOUGHT, SOLD and EXCHANGED ON MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

Gold Bought and Sold AT MARKET RATES.

COUPON'S CASHED.

PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS

BOUGHT and SOLD.

STOCKS

Bought and Sold on Commission only.

Accounts received and Interest allowed on daily balances subject to check.

De Haven & Brother,

NO. 35 SOUTH 3d STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

March 18, 1870. 1y

ANOTHER BAKERY.

THE undersigned has opened a Bakery at the corner of Washington and High streets, Gettysburg, and invites the public's patronage.

FRESH BREAD,

ROLLS, TWIST,

CAKES, PRETZELS, &c.,

EVERY DAY.

By using the best of flour and other materials, and doing his work well, he hopes to give satisfaction in every case. Call at or send your orders to the Bakery, corner of Washington and High streets, opposite the Fahnestock Institute and Powers's Granite Yard.

CHRISTIAN HOFFMAN.

April 17, 1868. tf

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS,

TOBACCOS, &C.

ALSO,

Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware.

A General Assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FIRST-CLASS FAMILY GROCERY.

Jan. 10, 1868. tf

1870. 1870.

H. B. WOODS,

Corner of York street and the Diamond,

GETTYSBURG.

continues to sell

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS,

SHOES, CARPETS, &c.,

at the lowest prices in town.

Jan. 7, 1870. tf

Sharp Notice.

THE undersigned hereby notifies those indebted to him to make immediate payment. All accounts unsettled after the first of April next will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection. Settle and save costs!

JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

Feb. 25, 1870. tf

Ayer's HAIR VIGOR,

For Restoring GRAY HAIR to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the glow and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of loathing the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
Price $1,00.

A. D. Buehler, Agent.

Jan. 21, 1870. 1y

SPRING AND SUMMER IMPORTATION, 1870.

RIBBONS, Millinery & Straw Goods.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

BONNET, TRIMMING & VELVET RIBBONS

BONNET SILKS, SATINS AND VELVETS,

Blonds, Netts, Crapes, Rushes, Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments,

STRAW BONNETS AND LADIES' HATS, trimmed and unfinished,

SHAKER HOODS, &C.

237 and 239 BALTIMORE STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Offer the largest Stock to be found in this country, and upwards of 1000 new varieties and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian styles, solicited and prompt attention given.

Feb. 25, 1870. 3m*

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS

HAVE just received a full supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, which their friends and the public are invited to examine.

FOR LADIES,

Our Stock consists of French

Farming and Housekeeping.

CARING FOR STOCK.—A farmer's first care is to his family; the second should be his domestic animals. "He that diligent to know the state of thy flocks, and look well to thy herds." It will not do to leave them to the care of hired men. Washington made it a rule to visit his stables every morning, and put his hand on every horse to see if it had been groomed properly, and otherwise well cared for. One of the largest breeders of Short-Horns in the world once told me that he made it a rule, every night in winter, to take a lantern and visit his stables at nine o'clock to see that every animal was comfortable. He has their year sold animals at $5,000 a piece.

There are very few ordinary farmers that are fit to have anything to do with domestic animals. They never pet them, rarely speak to them except in harsh tones, and like to use a whip better than a curry-comb. If a mean Kicker a cow disturbs him on the spot. Better let crops suffer than have such a brute on the premises.

I keep quite a number of thorough bred pigs and they are as gentle as lambs. But most men have been so long in the habit of abusing a pig, that if you ask one of them to go into a pen and drive up the pigs, he will look around for a club. And it is curious to see how unerringly the pigs know that he is not a gentleman. They will commence to back at him, and manifest other symptoms of uneasiness. Beware of the man that a pig, a dog, or a child is afraid of. There is something wrong about him.—*American Agriculturist.*

LET HORSES HAVE THEIR NATURAL GAIT.—It is bad policy to move a team out of its natural gait, especially with a load. It is far better to put on a full load, and even a little more, and give the horses their own time for moving it to its place of destination, than to make two loads of it and hurry them. There is a certain degree of rapidity of action peculiar to the muscle of each class of animals, and indeed to each individual animal, and if they are pressed beyond this, fatigue follows quickly, while within this limit great endurance is witnessed. To test this, let a man attempt to move [illegible] as rapidly as a lord does its wings, or his legs in walking as rapidly as a lame boy, and see how greatly he will become exhausted. This will convince him of the folly of attempting to make his heavy draft horses move with the rapidity of the pony or fast trotter. The law of nature is that heavy bodies move slowly.

ABOUT PRUNING.—It has long been a practice among farmers to commence pruning apple trees in February, mainly, we suppose, because there is less time. There are some reasons why this should not be done. There will not be sufficient action in the tree to harden the surface, where a limb is taken off, before the sap ascends in the spring. When this action does take place, the sap flows out, and spreads over the surrounding bark, and by some chemical action which takes place in it, is changed to a poisonous fluid which greatly injures the tree. It is very unsafe to prune before the middle of June. Soon after the leaves fall in autumn, and in midsummer, are the safe times to do this work.

SCALDED OATS.—An old farmer, says the Ohio *Farmer*, claims that there is no feed so good to keep animals in flesh during winter as scalded oats. For mares, cows, and sheep, that are to raise young, it is superior to almost any other feed, as it not only puts the animals in good condition to furnish milk abundantly, but the young at birth are strong and active. Wheat bran is also an excellent feed for breeding animals given in the form of a mess.

WM. MCCLEAN, of New Berlin, Ephrata township, Lancaster county, sowed on an acre and a half of ground 23 bushels of white, and obtained therefrom a yield of 57½ bushels of very superior quality.

CURTAIN STRINGS.—When the roosters are observed before daylight in the morning soaring among the clouds, and uttering lamentations, then look out for some sudden weather and a severe pinch in the money market.

When you see 13 geese walking Injun file and toeing in, you can deliberately bet your last surviving dollar on a hard winter and a great fluctuousness during the next season in the price of cowhide boots.

If pigs squeal in the nite, and grasshoppers come oph ov their roost and mingle in a free fight, you may hope for high winds in a few weeks, and also the typus fever in yure naborhood.

When spiders are seen climbing up the wall backwards, and frogs cough as if they had the hiccups, look out for rain. This is also a sure sign that children will have the measles light.

If bees hang around their hives, and mules are seen in a brown study, a storm of some kind is cooking, and you will notice the market for herring is very cadaverous and chill.

Just before a heavy sno storm, of 3 foot deep, chimbly swallows are uncommon skarse, and in the moral world there is a grate lazyness in the agytashun of the temperance question.

When hens lay 2 eggs a day, and lectureers to brag and wimmin cease to cackle, then Injun summer draws in, and the Millenium ain't far off.—*Josh Billings's Almanac.*

We do not know whether anybody has or has not printed the story which relates how a certain genial bald-headed gentleman, while in Paris one day, went to the Zoological Gardens. The weather was warm, and he lay down on a bench. Presently he fell asleep, and was aroused by a strange feeling of warmth on the head. An infatuated ostrich had come along, and, mistaking his entirely bald head for an egg, settled down with a resolute determination to hatch it, or sit there forever. Our friend yelled for help until a keeper came and led that disappointed and regretful ostrich away to its cage.

WILLING MEN.—On one occasion, during the Revolution, "Old Put" had received a lot of new recruits, and as he had some fighting when he wished to do before long, and wanted none but willing men, he drew up his forces in rank before him. "Now, boys," said he, "I don't wish to retain any of you who wish to leave; therefore, if any one of you is dissatisfied, and wishes to return to his home, he may signify the same by stepping six paces in front of the line. But," added the old war dog, "I'll shoot the first man that steps out."

GETTYSBURG

LIME KILNS.

THE undersigned has bought out his former partner, Wm. Guinn, and now continues

THE LIME-BURNING BUSINESS

himself—at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns, on the corner of the Railroad and North Station Street. Thankful for past patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its continuance, by prosecuting the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving good measure.—Farmers and others may look for the prompt filling of orders.

He also continues the

COAL BUSINESS,

offering the most popular kinds. Housekeepers and others should give him a call.—Blacksmith Coal constantly on hand.

Lime and Coal delivered any where in Gettysburg.

JACOB REILEY.

Gettysburg Nov. 15, 1867. tf

Dr. ROBERT HORNER

HAS RESUMED

THE PRACTICE OF MEDICINE.

Office at his Drug Store, Chambersburg St.

GETTYSBURG.

ALSO DEALER IN

PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES, SPICES,

BAKING SODA, DYE STUFFS,

PATENT MEDICINES, &c.

Jan 14, 1870. tf

Robert D. Armor,

GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,

First Website St., half a square from the Court-house,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all orders in a workmanlike manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE fixtures, as well as Chandeliers, Bracketed, Drop Lights, &c., also WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Front Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.

Bells hung and furnished if desired.

Dec 14, 1867 tf

BOWER'S

COMPLETE MANURE,

MANUFACTURED BY

HENRY BOWER, Chemist,

PHILADELPHIA,

MUCH CHEAPER

Super Phosphate of Lime, Ammonia and Potash,

WARRANTED FREE FROM ADULTERATION.

This Manure contains all the elements to produce large crops of all kinds, and is highly recommended by all who have used it, also by distinguished Chemists who have, by analysis, stated its qualities.

Packed in bags of 200 pounds each

DIXON, SHARPLESS & CO.,

AGENTS,

19 South Water and 18 South Delaware Avenue,

PHILADELPHIA.

For sale by WM. REYNOLDS,

78 South Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

And by dealers generally throughout the country.

For information, address Henry Bower, Philadelphia.

May 28, 1869. ly

WATCHES!! WATCHES!!

LEWIS STROUSE

Is largely engaged in the Watch Trade, and has just returned from New York with an unusually attractive assortment. He offers such bargains as cannot fail to be acceptable to buyers. Besides it embraces a large lot of the

CELEBRATED "AMERICAN WATCHES,"

GOLD AND SILVER, viz:

"P. S. Bartlett," Wm. Ellery," and "Appleton & Tracy,"

with Watches of almost all other makes.

Upon want CHEAP and GOOD Watch, purchase

LEWIS STROUSE,

At his old stand, Carlisle street, nearly opposite the Depot, Gettysburg, Pa.

✱✱He continues the Engraving, Notion and Confectionery business, as heretofore.

June 24, 1867 tf

ADAMS COUNTY

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS:

President—Geo. Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—George Swope.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Richenbergel, S. R. Russell, D. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Jacob King, Samuel King, Straban township, Frederick Diehl, Franklin; Wm. A. Hunt, New Oxford; Wm. R. Wilson, Reading; Elias H. Hall, Reading, Straban; John Wolford, Lauhance; John Picking, East Berlin; Abel F. Wright, Bendersville; Abdiel F. Sell, New Oxford; Dr. E. Marshall, Hamiltonban, John Cunningham, Freedom; John Horner, Mountjoy; Wm. Rose White, Liberty.

The Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 17 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period of nineteen to $18,000. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to either of the following gentlemen:

D. A. Buehler, Gettysburg,
T. G. Fahnestock,
Jacob King, Straban township,
H. A. Picking,
Frederick Diehl Franklin "
Wm. Ross White, Liberty "
H. I. Pelers, Petersburg, (N. S.)

✱✱The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

June 10, 1868. tf

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of

HARDWARE & GROCERIES,

which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

BUILDING MATERIALS,
CARPENTERS TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
SHOE FINDINGS,
COACH FINDINGS,
CABINET MAKERS TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPERS FURNITURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.,
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c.

There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be found at this store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in the line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 15, 1861.

THIS WAY!

BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.

THE undersigned continues the Boot and Shoe Making business,

IN CARLISLE STREET, NEAR THE DEPOT,

GETTYSBURG,

where he is at all times prepared to execute work in his line in the most satisfactory manner.

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

made of the best materials and unsurpassed workmanship—and at prices that will only allow living profits. A continued share of public patronage solicited.

JOHN M. REILLING.

Dec 17, 1869. tf

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business at GREAT CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in West Middle street, Gettysburg.

✱✱N. B.—He is likewise Auctioneer, under the Tax Law of the United States.

Nov 21, 1862.

HOUSE PAINTING.

GEORGE A. WARNER, HOUSE PAINTER

South Washington st., Gettysburg, Pa.

GOOD WORK AND MODERATE PRICES!

July 29 1867.

PUNCH!

THE

Diamond Segar Store.

THE undersigned, thankful for past favors, respectfully calls the attention of the public to his assortment of

Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Pipes, &c.,

which he is prepared to sell at the lowest living prices, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. He keeps on hand

THE BEST BRANDS,

and manufactures for general sale throughout the County.

Remember the place, in the Diamond, between Brinkerhoff's Store and McClellan's Hotel.

WASHINGTON BIERBOWER.

May 7, 1869. tf

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING.

AT FRANK CUNNINGHAM'S,

Opposite the *Star and Sentinel* office, Gettysburg, Pa., you will always find of the best qualities and latest styles,

COATS, PANTS & VESTS,

OF ALL STYLES AND SIZES. ALSO,

SHIRTS,

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas,

and a great and large variety of

NOTIONS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

CLOCKS, WATCHES,

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

all of which will be sold at short profits and warranted to please. Give him a call at his store on Baltimore st. (Picking's old stand) next to Diamond.

Sept. 29, 1869. tf

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING!

Hats and Caps,

Boots and Shoes.

NEW FIRM.

COBEAN & CUNNINGHAM

HAVE just received from the city a new and large stock of

CLOTHING,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
NOTIONS, &C.

The goods have all been selected with great care and with a decided view to meet the wants of this community. The public will find the goods to be of the best quality and the

LATEST STYLES.

One and all are invited to call at our Store, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, nearly opposite Fahnestock Bros.

R. G. COBEAN,
JAS. CUNNINGHAM.

Oct 29, 1869. tf

HAS ARRIVED AT

NORRIS'

HEAD-QUARTERS,

On Southeast Corner of Centre Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

the Largest and Best Stock of

Fall and Winter Clothing,

THE LATEST STYLES OF

HATS & CAPS,

THE BEST MANUFACTURED,

BOOTS & SHOES.

Also a large Variety of

WOOLEN UNDER-CLOTHING,

with a large assortment of

NOTIONS, TRUNKS,

and everything found in a Gentleman's Furnishing Store.

GIVE US A CALL.

Oct. 8, 1869 tf

NEW GROCERY.

AMOS ECKERT,

York street, opposite Crismer's Bakery,

GETTYSBURG, PA,

INVITES attention to an entirely new and choice stock of Groceries, consisting in part of

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, MOLASSES, SPICES,

DRIED FRUIT, BUCKETS, BASKETS, BROOMS,

BRUSHES, COAL OIL, TOBACCOS, SEGARS, &C., &C.

Also a general assortment of

NOTIONS, &C.

Hoping to give satisfaction to all who may favor me with a call, I solicit a share of the public patronage.

AMOS ECKERT.

Sept. 17, 1869. tf

WM. J. MARTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS.

A LARGE LOT OF

GROCERIES,

that I am selling cheap for CASH.

CHOICE LIQUORS.

OLD RYE WHISKEY, EIGHT YEARS OLD.

VERY OLD FRENCH BRANDY,

ALL OTHER KINDS OF LIQUORS.

A general assortment of Bitters, among which is

"MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS."

April 30, 1869. tf

GO TO NORRIS', if you want anything in the Gentlemen's line, for he keeps nothing but Gentlemen's Wear and has the largest stock in the county.

GETTYSBURG BAKERY.

THE Firm of Newport & Ziegler having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the Baking business, in all its branches, at the old stand,

Corner of South Washington and West Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa.

All kinds of

CRACKERS AND CAKES,

BREAD, ROLLS, PRETZELS, &C.,

constantly baked and always to be had fresh. With many years experience, and every disposition to please, he feels that he can promise satisfaction in all cases. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. With many thanks for the patronage bestowed on the old firm, its continuance is asked.

BALTZER NEWPORT.

April 2, 1869. tf

REMOVAL.

New Oxford Drug Store.

THE undersigned has removed his Drug Store into his new and spacious room, on the northeast corner of the Public Square, New Oxford, where everything will be found fitted up in elegant style. The room is considered the handsomest in the New Store in the county, and the proprietor asks all to call and see for themselves. He would also call attention to his stock of

PAINTS,
OILS,
VARNISHES,
DYE STUFFS,
WINDOW GLASS,
PATENT MEDICINES,

and a full assortment of DRUGS; in a word a complete stock of Goods generally kept in a first-class Drug Store, all of which have been purchased within a short time, and will be sold low. All articles formerly manufactured at the old establishment in Baltimore can be had here. Understanding his business thoroughly, and selecting his goods himself he is able to warrant his drugs pure and as represented. The public are requested to give him a trial.

D. M. MILLER.

New Oxford, March 5, 1869. tf

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS.

THE undersigned have resumed the Carriage-making business,

AT THEIR OLD STAND,

In East Middle Street, Gettysburg, Pa.,

where they are prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., ON HAND,

which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

REPAIRING DONE WITH DESPATCH, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and second-hand BARNESS on hand and for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit a share, and endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

DANNER & ZIEGLER.

July 10, 1865. tf

CARRIAGE MAKING

IN MOUNTPLEASANT TOWNSHIP.

THE undersigned has commenced the Carriage-making business, near Miller's Store, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, where he will be prepared to make to order

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

and everything else in this line. Now work will generally be found on hand. All work performed out of the best materials and by first-class workmen. Prices as moderate as possible.

REPAIRING of all kinds promptly and satisfactorily done, and at reasonable rates. The public's patronage solicited, and every effort made to please all customers.

M. W. C. DUPP.

May 7, 1869. ly

LUMBER YARD

REMOVED.

THE undersigned has removed his Lumber Yard to the north-east corner of Stallsmith street and the Railroad, but fifty yards from his old location, where he will be glad to have all in want of Lumber to call. His stock is larger than ever before, and constant additions are being made to it. He has

WHITE PINE PLANK, INCH AND HALF-INCH BOARDS, FLOORING, SCANTLING, PALINGS, &c., &c., &c.,

all of which will be sold at the lowest living rates. Call and judge for yourselves. My Lumber is good and cannot fail to give satisfaction.

JACOB SHEADS

✱✱A large lot of RIVER PINE SHINGLES for sale very cheap.

Gettysburg, May 20, 1868. tf

ROBERT M'CURDY,

DEALER IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &C.

THE undersigned is paying, at his Warehouse, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEEDS, POTATOES, &C.

and invites producers to give him a call before selling.

He has constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt, Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also the best brands of FLOUR with FEED of all kinds. He likewise has

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A A Mexican Guano.

Whilst he pays the highest market prices for all the above articles, he will sell at the lowest figures consistent with a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

Gettysburg, July 30, 1869.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

I have opened an agency for the

Sale of Real Estate

in connection with my law business in Gettysburg.

Parties wishing to sell, or buy lands, may find it to their advantage to call. Several

Farms and Woodland.

A No. 1 FARM, Price, $6,000,
A TRACT, 95 ACRES, for $1,800,
A GOOD FARM, 200 ACRES, very cheap
A FARM, 120 ACRES, for $6,000,
A FARM, 85 ACRES, for $4,275,
A FARM, 55 ACRES, for $2,200,
A VERY GOOD FARM, 100 ACRES,
A VERY GOOD FARM, 125 ACRES,
A VERY GOOD FARM, 165 ACRES,
A No. 1 MILL PROPERTY, 200 ACRES,
A GOOD FARM, 103 ACRES, near Gettysburg,
A GOOD FARM, 150 ACRES and 30 ACRES WOODLAND,
A GOOD FARM, 140 ACRES, at $55 per acre,
A VERY GOOD FARM, 240 ACRES, at $50,
A FARM, 100 ACRES, at $4,500,
A FARM, 150 ACRES AND VERY GOOD BUILDINGS, at $50 per acre,
A GOOD FARM, 100 ACRES and GOOD BUILDINGS,
A GOOD FARM, 160 ACRES.

Very desirable property in Littlestown. Also, several Houses and out-lots in Gettysburg for sale.

R. G. McCREARY,
Attorney at Law,

Gettysburg, July 17, 1868. tf

B L O O D.
B L O O D.
Blood is Life: Organic Opposite of Death.
Blood is Life: Organic Opposite of Death.
B L O O D.
B L O O D.

Make It Pure! Keep It Pure!

THE

LONDON BLOOD PANACEA

WILL DO IT.

IT cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Fluttering or Palpitation at the Heart, Dropsy, Gravel, and all Kidney Complaints, Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood. By its use the impure dark colored Blood will be changed to the bright red limpid liquid of life. And the broken down and debilitated either Male or Female will be made strong, robust and healthy.

As a medicine for Female Complaints it has no equal.

LADIES.

Use a bottle or two of LONDON BLOOD PANACEA each year, and your complexion will be pure, rendering useless the miserable cosmetics of the day.

BEAUTY.

Sparkling Eyes, Buoyant Spirits, Ruby Cheeks and a Beautiful Complexion will result from its use.

B L O O D.
B L O O D.

Make It Pure! Keep It Pure!

THE

LONDON BLOOD PANACEA

WILL DO IT.

S. A. FOUTZ,
Manufacturer and Proprietor,
Baltimore, Md.

✱✱For sale by A. D. BUEHLER, Druggist, Gettysburg, Pa.

Aug. 6, 1869. ly.

MINCE PIES.

WM. J. MARTIN'S is the place to get the material for a good Mince Pie.

Nov. 19, 1869. 3m

NEW HARNESS SHOP.

JOHN CULP

INFORMS his friends and the public generally that he has resumed the Harness making business, and opened a Shop on Carlisle street, Gettysburg, adjoining the Passenger Depot, where he will manufacture and keep on hand all kinds of

HARNESS, BRIDLES, COLLARS, WHIPS LASHES, FLY-NETS, &C.,

which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Also,

TRUNKS OF ALL KINDS.

Repairing and Mending attended to promptly. Having been working at the business for 30 years, I can guarantee the best kind of work, all being made under my own superintendence. Give me a call.

JOHN CULP.

May 7, 1869. ly

GRANITE STATION.

A. E. ECKENRODE

HAS taken the Warehouse lately occupied by Philip Hunt, at Granite Station, on the line of the Gettysburg Railroad, 2 miles from Hunterstown, and will deal in all kinds of

GRAIN AND PRODUCE,

giving the highest market price. He will also keep constantly on hand for sale all kinds of

GROCERIES:

Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, &c., with Salt, Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobacco, &c. Also, the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. Respectfully invite the public to call and examine my stock. COAL also for sale.

A. E. ECKENRODE.

June 11, 1869 tf

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

WILLOUGHBY'S

GUM SPRING DRILL.

THE best Drill in use, will sow all kinds of Grain without changing any part of the Drill.

Can furnish them with or without the GUANO ATTACHMENT.

Guaranteed to do good work. Also, the

Harrisburg Farming Mill,

made in New York. Equally as good as the same formerly sold in this county.

SEPARATORS AND THRESHERS, CLOVER HULLERS, STEEL PLOUGHS, &C.,

FARMING IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY.

WM. WIBLE.

Aug 1, 1868.

Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

CARPENTERS AND CONTRACTORS.

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR & WINDOW BRACKETS,

constantly on hand and manufactured to order of the

BEST MATERIALS,

by experienced workmen, and at

REASONABLE RATES.

✱✱Orders promptly attended to.

Jan. 22, 1869. tf

NEW FIRM!

Large Hardware Store

IN LITTLESTOWN.

THE undersigned have entered into partnership in the

HARDWARE BUSINESS

in Littlestown, Adams county, and are prepared to offer the public a large assortment of goods, at the LOWEST cash prices. Their stock embraces everything in the line. They can only enumerate in an advertisement:

IRON,
STEEL,
NAILS,
OILS,
GLASS,
SCYTHES,
FORKS,
SPADES,
SHOVELS,
HOES, &c.

Building Materials,
Carpenter Tools,
Miners' Supplies,
Shoemakers' Findings,
Saddlery Findings,
Coach & Car Materials,
Red Sole Leather,
Morocco, &c.,
Cedarware, &c.

With a full new stock, bought at the most advantageous rates, we invite the public—town and country—to call and be suited. We are confident of pleasing, both as to goods and prices. Mechanics, farmers, and all about to build, are specially urged to come. They can do better with us than at any other store in the county.

R. F. SHORB.
WM. McSHERRY.

Littlestown, Feb 20, 1869. tf

STEAM SAW MILL.

THE undersigned has in operation a STEAM SAW MILL, at the South Mountain, near Greenmount's Springs, and is prepared to saw to order bills of

WHITE OAK, PINE, HEMLOCK,

or any kind of Lumber desired, at the shortest notice and at the lowest rates. He also manufactures

SHINGLES, PALINGS, &C.

LUMBER delivered at any point at the lowest RATES, if per cash. Will be disposed to do cash business. Interest will be charged from the time of delivery of Lumber. Thankful for past favors, he would desire a continuance for the future.

All letters should be addressed to him at Guinlownsville, P. O. Adams county, Pa.

HENRY MILPENDLROER.

Oct. 29, 1869. tf

FURNITURE.

D. C. SHEAFFER,

PETERSBURG, (Y. S.) PENN'A.,

Is prepared to offer to the Public anything in his line as cheap as can be had in the country.

✱✱Purchasers will do well to call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.

FURNITURE

made to order. Repairing done neatly, cheaply, and with dispatch.

Jan. 21, 1868. tf

CABINET-MAKING.

Wm. B. Stidler,

HAVING located in the town of NEW OXFORD, Adams county, will carry on the business of Cabinet-making, in all its branches.

FURNITURE

kept on hand and made to order. He will also keep for sale a choice assortment of

CHAIRS.

He invites the citizens of the town and surrounding country to give him a call, as he will sell as low as can be purchased at any other place. He will guarantee his work to be made up in the best manner, and of good materials.

New Oxford, Jan. 31, 1868. tf

Jesse D. Keller,

COUNTY SURVEYOR,

Post Office, Hanover, York county, Penn'a.

✱✱Surveys made in any part of this and adjacent counties.

Dec. 7, 1868. tf

WEST MIDDLE STREET MARKET,

NEAR THE COURT-HOUSE.

Every Day in the Week,

(Sundays excepted.)

FRESH BEEF three times a week—Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday Mornings. VEAL, LAMB or MUTTON every day.

Orders left at my Market in the evening will be promptly delivered the following morning.

GEORGE A. CODORI.

Gettysburg, June 18, 1869. tf

Notice.

THE term of my office having expired, this is to give notice to all indebted to me for FEES as Clerk of the Courts, to make payment of the same on or before the first day of April, 1870, as after that time my books will be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

A. W. MINTER,
Late Clerk of the Courts.

Dec. 10, 1869. tf

$10,000 REWARD!

STORE ENTERED!

REBERT & ELLIOTT'S STORE,

IN GETTYSBURG,

WAS entered last week and a large quantity of Dry Goods, Notions, Queens-ware and Carpeting stolen.

The parties are well known, but have thus far escaped arrest, as they left Greenbacks in exchange for Goods.

The persons who took the Goods are very well satisfied that they received more and both: Goods for their money than they could have got at any other store.

COME ONE! COME ALL!

and examine our large assortment of

SILKS, GINGHAMS, LAWNS, BEREGES, ALPACCAS, &c.;

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, JEANS, VESTINGS, &c.,

Also, Carpets, Notions, Glass-ware, Queens-ware, and, indeed, a general assortment of everything soliciting to a first-class store.

REMEMBER the place is opposite the Court-house, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, and that our motto is Fair Dealing and Small Profits.

April 25, 1868. tf

WILLIAM CRITZMAN,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Carpenter & Contractor,

Having removed to my new Shop

On Washington street, between Middle and Chambersburg streets,

and intend to keep on hand a large assortment of every thing pertaining to my business, of the best material, and at reasonable prices. Having had many years experience in the business, I hope by attention to business, to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

April 13, 1868. tf

CHEAP FOR CASH!

NEW STORE!

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

The undersigned has retired to Gettysburg, and opened a new store, on Baltimore street, next door to the Post Office, and nearly opposite the Court House, where he offers for sale, CHEAP FOR CASH, a large and choice assortment of Groceries,

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, SALT, &C., with FISH,

BACON, LARD, &C.

Also, Liquors,—

WINES, BRANDIES, GINS WHISKIES

Rums, and everything else in the line.

Also, any quantity of Notions, to suit any and everybody.

Recollect this is the place to buy CHEAP FOR CASH.

GEO. F KALBFLEISCH.

April 23, 1867.

WATCHES & JEWELRY

WM. P. McCARTNEY

WISHES to inform his customers and the public generally that, having purchased the interest of his partner (L. V. B. Sopp) in the Watch and Jewelry Store on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, he will spare no efforts to give satisfaction to all. He has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of

GOLD AND SILVER AMERICAN AND SWISS WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER-WARE, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, FORKS, &C.

GOLD, SILVER AND STEEL FRAMED SPECTACLES.

Also, CLOCKS of the best manufacture. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Violin and Guitar Strings, Screws and Bridges.

✱✱Watch and Clock Work warranted for one year. Jewelry Repairing executed in a neat and workmanlike manner.

Sept. 10, 1869. tf

FAHRNEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER,

Or TABACEA.

THIS well known and popular medicine was formerly put up in packages by Dr. Fahrney, now the proprietor, but is now put up in a liquid form, and is highly commended for all Chronic or Long standing Diseases. Hundreds of testimonials could be had by you, but the following will suffice:

"Dr. F. Fahrney's Blood Searcher or Panacea," is a medicine that we can recommend to those who are afflicted, having used it in our own family and furnished our friends with the article; we can, therefore, from experience say that it is a medicine possessing rare individual properties. Being a mild purgative, it is well to keep it always in the family where there are children or those subject to colds or other sickness. It is compounded from medicine Roots, Leaves, Barks, Seeds, and Berries, which are said to be entirely free from poison. We are personally acquainted with the proprietor, who was our family Physician for several years, and we were at one time related from a bad of affliction under his judicious treatment.—*Christian Family Companion.*

FAHRNEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER.—From our personal acquaintance with Dr. F. Fahrney, and from the reputation the above named medicine in the community where he lives, we can cheerfully recommend it to a fair trial to all who may need a Panacea for the physical maladies of mortality—and indeed a great PANACEA for all diseases shall be found in the leaves of the tree of life.—*Prophetic Watchman.*

Sold by Tobias, Cresby & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Chicago, Ill., and by B. A. Fahnestock's Son & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

Also by A. D. BUEHLER, Gettysburg, Dr. JAMES CHESS, Littlestown, and STILLINGS & MUSSELMAN, Fairfield, Adams county, and by Storekeepers and Druggists generally.

Jan. 29, 1869. tf

WILLIAM REED,

Sale Crier and Auctioneer,

BENDERSVILLE, ADAMS CO., PA.,

OFFERS his services to the public, and asks a share of patronage, convinced that he will give satisfaction to all who may employ him. Charges moderate.

Dec. 24, 1869 tf

OPENED OUT AGAIN!

A. R. FEISTEL,

Watch & Clock Maker,

HAS opened out at a new place, *near the Railroad Station, in Carlisle street, Gettysburg,* where he will be glad to have the patronage of his old friends and the public generally. WORK GOOD AND CHARGES MODERATE.

Oct. 1, 1869. 3m

REMOVAL.

S. R. TIPTON,

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,

HAS removed his shop to the northeast corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, where he will be glad to have the calls of his old friends and the public generally. Everything done in the best style of the art, that all may be pleased.

April 2, 1868. tf

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of McCURDY & DIEHL will please call and settle. If not paid before the 1st of December, the Books will be left in the hands of an officer for collection, without regard to persons.

McCURDY & DIEHL.

Oct. 31, 1867. tf

PRINTERS

CAN GET

Types, Presses, and Printing Material generally,

at greatly reduced prices from VANDERBURGH, WELLS & CO., 116 Fulton Street, and Hand 18 Dutch Street, New York,

Makers of Wood Type, Rapic, California and other Ornamental Cabinets, Cases, Stands and Galleys,

FACTORY, PATERSON, NEW JERSEY.

N. B.—YOUNG'S excellent COPYHOLDERS are the only thing of recent production in the line.

Jun 21, 1870. 3m

AGENTS WANTED

FOR THE

American Wheat Cultivist.

A practical treatise on the Culture of Wheat, by S. Edwards Todd. 82 pages, *Illustrated,* price $250, worth many times its cost to any farmer. We give Agents the LARGEST COMMISSIONS paid, and LIBERAL PREMIUMS besides.

Address TAINTOR BROS, 678 Broadway, New York.

CIRCULATION 86,000 COPIES.

THE greatest success is attending the publication of

BALLOU'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE

of any periodical in the world. Each number contains One Hundred Pages of the choicest Stories, Poems and Engravings, or Twelve Hundred Pages every year for $1.50—being fully three-fourths as large as either of the *four dollar* Magazines, at about one-third their price.

✱✱*Now is the time to subscribe.*

TERMS—$1.50 a year; 7 copies, $9; 12 copies, $15. Send 15cts. for specimen copy and prospectus to

ELLIOTT, THOMES & TALBOT,
Publishers, Boston, Mass.

Dec. 3, 1869. 3m

CHESTNUT RAILS

FOR SALE.—A prime lot—on a good road, 3 miles from Biddlestown, and 1¼ miles from Flora Dale, Adams county, Pa. Address F. W. COOK,
Flora Dale, Pa.

Nov. 7, 1869. tf

NOAH WALKER & CO.,

CLOTHIERS,

WASHINGTON BUILDING,

165 AND 167 BALTIMORE ST., BALTIMORE, MD.

KEEP constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of all kinds of goods at moderate prices.

They supply orders for the finest to the lowest priced articles, either ready made or made to measure, to any part of the country.

They keep also an extensive stock of FURNISHING GOODS, embracing every article of Gentlemen's Under-wear. Also, MILITARY CLOTHS and every variety of Military Trimmings, as well as an assorted stock of READY MADE MILITARY GOODS,

Baltimore, Feb. 22, 1861.

The Cucumber Wood

PUMP!!

One dozen persons who this is the best Pump manufactured in America, for

WELLS AND CISTERNS.

1. It is simple, 2. It is durable, 3. It is durable. 4. It works very easily. 5. It throws water rapidly. 6. It is all Wood. 7. Wood is Tasteless. 8. It does not Crack in the Sun. 9. It is not liable to get out of order. 10. Should any repair be necessary in time, they can easily be made by any person. 11. It will not freeze. 12. It is cheaper than any other pump manufactured.

TESTIMONIALS.

In testimony of the superior character of this Pump, we refer, by permission, to the following persons who have had it in use, and tested it with entire satisfaction:

Jer. Bisseker, Funkhill tw'p.; Geo. Smith, Huntington twp.; Amos Dove, Franklin twp.; A. K. Myers, Latimore twp.; John Bentzel, Mountjoy twp.; Peter Shively, Hamilton Ring, Fairfield; Wm. Young, Mountjoy twp.; Andrew Haverstick, Tyrone twp.

Persons requiring Pumps for wells or cisterns, can have them furnished all complete and ready for use by sending the depth of the well or cistern. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases or no payment required.

Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.

JOSEPH KUNKLE,
McKnightstown, Adams co., Pa.

Nov. 19, 1869. tf

BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS!!

AT THE

NEW GROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JACOB W. CRESS,

NORTHWEST Corner of the Public Square, Gettysburg, is constantly receiving fresh

GROCERIES,

including Sugars, Coffees, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c.

Also, QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS, Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. He will also keep constantly on hand FLOUR and FEED